



SM64802

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Applicable addition manuals:
None

Aerospace Group
Conveyance Systems Division

Carter® Ground Fueling

Maintenance Manual

**3 X 4 Inch Hydrant Coupler for Digital Pressure Control
To Mate Hydrants in Accordance with API Bulletin 1584**

Model 64802

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**Maintenance, Overhaul & Test Instructions
Model 64802 3 X 4 Inche Hydrant Coupler for Digital Pressure Control
To Mate Hydrants in Accordance with API Bulletin 1584**

1.0 INTRODUCTION

This manual furnishes instructions for the installation, operation, periodic inspection, trouble shooting and minor repair, as well as complete overhaul of the Eaton's Carter brand Model 64802 digital fuel pressure control coupler and its various options designed to mate adapters and hydrant valves built in accordance with API Bulletin 1584.

Maintenance and overhaul of repairable sub-assemblies, including all the various options are also included.

The last section of this manual contains exploded view drawings and assembly drawings for identification of replaceable parts and other significant maintenance items referred to in the instructions. References in the text to various items refer to the appropriate figure for part identification.

2.0 EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

The standard model 64802 fuel pressure control coupler consists of three basic modules; a standard 47245 dry break coupler lower half, a fuel pressure control elbow assembly, and various female disconnects as explained below. Other options are available as explained further in the following table.

The coupler is designed to mate with standard 4" adapters and hydrant valves that conform to API Bulletin 1584 yet the pressure control elbow has been designed for a smaller 3" size to keep weight at a minimum consistent with flow rate requirements.

The standard (option 2) outlet utilizes a "no-tools needed" approach to disconnecting the unit from the hose. The other two optional outlets are designed for retrofitting older Eaton Carter brand Model 60700-1 and 60600 units with minimal costs. The table in paragraph 3.0 that follows tabulates the various options available with the basic unit.

The 47245 (61525) lower half coupler provides a quick means to connect to a hydrant or adapter with dry break capability. The coupler can not be accidentally opened unless it is connected to a valve; it cannot be removed from that valve unless it is in the closed position.

The unit incorporates a pressure operated relief valve that is automatically opened by the coupler when the coupler poppet is closed, to provide a vent to the downstream side of the main piston seat, relieving a hydraulic lock that

would otherwise prevent coupler poppet closing. The spring-loaded relief valve also relieves automatically whenever the differential pressure across the closed pressure control piston seat exceeds approximately 220 psi in the inlet to outlet direction.

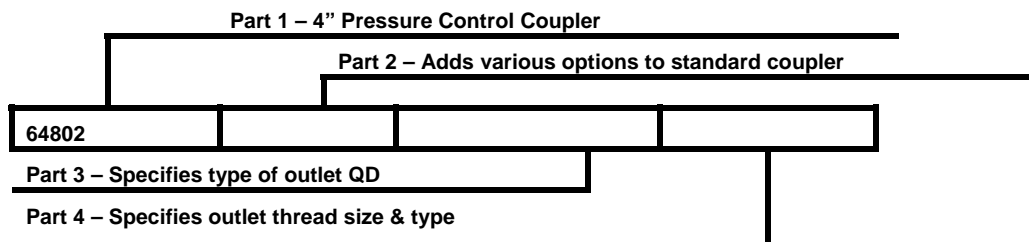
The pressure control elbow assembly is a direct operated normally closed fuel pressure control and shutoff valve. It is controlled by a remotely mounted set of solenoid valves, part number 64102 and an Eaton Carter brand Digital Pressure Control System, Model 64035 or the later Digital II Model 64235. Part number 64102 provides fuel pressure to the coupler upon commands from the digital pressure control system. The application of the fuel pressure overrides the piston spring, which is opposed by atmospheric pressure. The digital pressure control system through the two-solenoid valves on part number 64102 controls the pressure applied to the piston to position it in the desired position to control the pressure sensed at part number 64108 pressure transducer. There is only one hose needed from the vehicle to the coupler to control the pressure unlike with the air reference type system that requires both an air reference hose and a fuel control hose.

There are no adjustments for opening, closing or bias on the coupler. All of these are handled by the digital pressure control system.

3.0 TABLE OF OPTIONS AND ORDERING INFORMATION

The basic Model 64802 is available with a variety of options to customize it to meet specific requirements as listed in Table 1 below. The various options, when compatible, may be combined and listed following the basic model number 64802 to achieve a complete unit.

The part numbering system for the coupler is as follows with the options noted in the tables below:



PART 2

Option	Description
A	*Changes lugs to API/EI 1584, 2 nd edition
B	Adds folding handle assembly
C	Adds product selection
D	Adds lockwire to flange joints
F	Adds male dry break quick disconnect to the fuel control port – requires female mating dry break disconnect (to mate LL2K16), Parker Hannifin H3-68 3/8" FNPT or equivalent.
W	Adds carriage assembly
X	Adds safety clip to QD (with option 2 only)
Y	Adds second carrying handle at outlet swivel joint
Z	Replaces standard transverse carrying handle at centerline of coupler with handle that is parallel to outlet

* Refer to Product News Bulletin PN6490001020 for a complete description of this change before ordering. Changes lugs to part number 200688 (2nd edition) in lieu of part number 221860 (3rd edition)

PART 3

Option	Description
2	Adds standard Adapter to mate thumb latch swivel quick disconnect
3	Adds Adapter to mate customer furnished 60700-1 type QD
4	Adds Adapter to mate customer furnished 60600 (except option K) type QD

PART 4 (Applicable only as shown below).

Option	Description
H	2-½" NPT outlet – Applicable only with option 2 above
K	2-½" BSPP outlet – Applicable only with option 2 above
L	3" NPT outlet – Applicable with options 2, 3 and 4 above
M	3" BSPP outlet – Applicable with options 2, 3 and 4 above
P	4" NPT outlet – Applicable with options 2, 3 and 4 above
Q	2" NPT option – Applicable only with option 2 above
R	4" NPSC outlet – Applicable only with option 3 above
S	2" BSPP option – Applicable only with option 2 above

Example: 64802BW2H – A coupler with a folding handle, collar stop assembly, carriage assembly and an outlet swivel quick disconnect with 2 ½" NPT threads.

4.0 OPERATION

Operation consists of:

- A. Connecting the coupler to the hydrant pit valve adapter and if the fuel pressure control hose is used with Option F Dry Break Disconnect it must also be connected.
- B. Flowing fuel through the open coupler and valve for the required period;
- C. Closing the pressure control valve by releasing the deadman control and
- D. Disconnecting the coupler from the hydrant adapter. Disconnect the fuel hose dry break for storage if present (Option F).

Operation may also include reverse flow through the unit for off-loading or defueling purposes.

4.1 COUPLER CONNECTION

Connection of the coupler to the four-inch API-type adapter is simply accomplished. Proceed as follows:

A. Remove the dust cap assembly and place the face of the coupler assembly over the pit valve adapter. Use one hand to overcome hose weight bending forces so the coupler face is centered and square to the adapter face. Normally the weight of the coupler, when properly aligned, will cause the spring loaded detent pin to be depressed by the adapter flange, permitting the collar to drop, locking the 16 lugs to the adapter. **If the unit incorporates Option C, Product Selection, it may be necessary to rotate the collar before it can drop. This can be done easily by rotating only the collar. It is not necessary to rotate the coupler body and the servicer pickup hose.**

B. With the collar dropped or extended, the poppets may be opened by simply rotating the coupler poppet-operating handle in the open direction as permanently marked on the handle.

Note: It should be understood that the poppet operating linkage is over center with the poppet operating handle in either the full closed or full open position. This feature is

required to prevent internal pressure from opening the poppet when the mechanism is in the closed position; and, for that matter, to prevent an external force from closing the mechanism when it is full open. Consequently, the initial poppet operating handle open movement causes the poppet to retract slightly into the coupling before moving in the poppet open direction. Further, the poppet-operating handle cannot be operated in the open direction if the collar is not extended, or dropped, because of a physical interference between the handle and the collar. At the same time the collar cannot be extended, or dropped unless the spring-loaded detent pin is depressed, normally by the face of the pit valve adapter. Once extended, the collar cannot be retracted if the poppet handle is in other than the full closed position and if the Collar Stop Assy (1-31) is not depressed. Together, these features provide safety interlocks that prevent accidental opening of the coupler poppet with the unit disconnected, or disconnection with the poppet open and a potentially hazardous or undesirable product spill.

C. If the adapter is pressurized by hydrant pressure at the time of poppet opening, resistance will be felt when the coupler poppet contacts the adapter poppet. The resistance will be proportional to the hydrant pressure. The force resisting the opening of an Eaton Carter brand hydrant valve is composed of two factors, poppet spring force plus any force created by fuel pressure in the hydrant. The normal spring force is approximately 20 pounds and the pressure force is equal to over 125 pounds for each 10-psi present. In addition to the forces attributed to the hydrant, there are forces presented by the coupler itself. The initial movement of the operating handle to get it **over center** is resisted by a stack of wave washer springs on the nose seal plus seal friction. Under even severe weather conditions, the coupler can be opened by the application of less than 30 pounds force applied to the handle. Since the adapter poppet is equipped with a pressure equalizing valve, maintain a steady, moderate force on the handle in the open direction, sufficient to hold open the adapter pressure equalizing valve until the pressure has equalized across the poppets. Then the handle can be easily moved to the full open position, permitting full communication between the hydrant adapter and the fuel pressure control valve.

It should be noted that the early release of the API Bulletin 1584 did not cover the need for a pressure-equalizing valve. This resulted in the hydrant valve manufacturers having different dimensions for the location of the operating tip of the valve. There may be some incompatibility between the various older hydrants and couplers if they are intermixed. The result can be either one of considerable leakage during hookup or non-function of the equalizing valve making it very difficult to achieve connection.

Note: The time required for pressure equalizing to occur is contingent on the unfilled downstream volume, the capacity of the adapter pressure equalizing valve, and the hydrant pressure. It is also affected by the amount of leakage through the hydrant piston seals. If it is consistently difficult to open the coupler the hydrant valve maybe "hot" and it should be overhauled.

4.2 FUEL PRESSURE CONTROL VALVE OPERATION

4.2.1 Refueling

Figure A is a schematic diagram of the Fuel Pressure Control Elbow Assembly Module (unit) on which the major functional elements are illustrated and labeled. While Figure A is schematic, the general shapes of the parts have been retained as much as possible to permit a better understanding of the actual hardware.

The inner and outer piston assembly has been split on Figure A for clarity. The lower half illustrates the position of the pistons when the unit is closed, either because deadman has not been activated or because the fuel control pressure is insufficient to overcome the piston spring, and other opening forces that might be present. The upper half of the piston assembly on Figure A illustrates the position of the pistons when the unit is partly open and regulating fuel pressure.

Refer to Figure A while reading this section of the manual for a more thorough understanding of the unit operation.

With the coupler engaged and the poppets open, hydrant pressure is available at the unit's outer piston seat. The unit's piston is held normally closed by piston spring force until fuel pressure from the 64102 Solenoid Valve Assembly is applied. This occurs when the deadman connected through the digital pressure control system is activated.

The digital pressure control system will provide the correct amount of pressure to the control port, Port A in Figure 1. This pressure will act against the small piston spring and cause the large piston to open allowing flow through the unit. The digital pressure control system will modulate the small piston pressure to the proper amount to maintain the pressure at the pressure transducer (64108) on the vehicle to control the pressure required at the nozzle.

As the receiver aircraft tanks progressively fill and shut off, the flow reductions in each instance cause the pressure to increase at the remote sensing point. These pressure increases are transmitted back through the fuel control hose by the digital pressure control module. The decrease in fuel chamber pressure causes the piston to move in the closed direction. This reduces the outlet pressure, until the fuel pressure transmitted back through the fuel control line has established a new force equilibrium condition about which the piston modulates until the next receiver aircraft tank fills and shuts off.

When the last receiver aircraft tank has shutoff, the conditions described above cause the unit piston to fully close and block hydrant pressure, preventing high pressures from reaching the aircraft manifolds as well as the servicer delivery equipment.

The rapid response inherent in a direct acting regulator combined with the control by the digital pressure control system makes the unit an effective automatic surge control device when fueling aircraft with fast closing (1-2 second) shutoff valves.

Release of the deadman valve at any time will cause the unit to close. The piston closing rate in this mode of operation is also controlled effectively by the digital pressure control system.

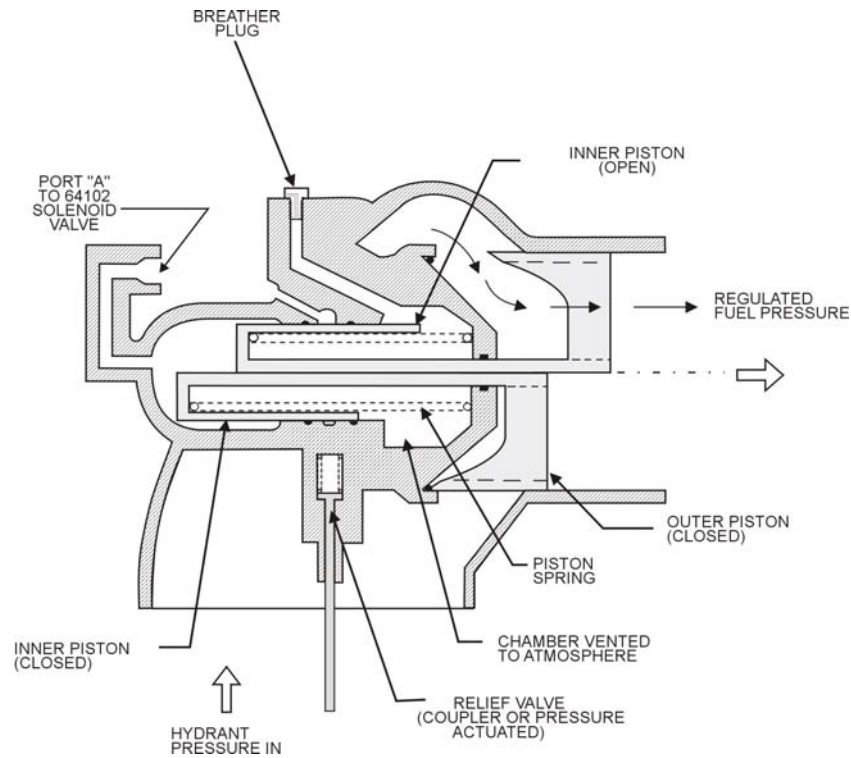


Figure A
Schematic Diagram Pressure Control Elbow Assy

4.2.2 Defueling

Defueling of an aircraft can be accomplished through the unit but all controls are located on the 64235 digital pressure control system. See the appropriate manual for instructions.

WARNING!

Defueling through this unit, if not the latest revision (SN 344 or lower) could result in a "blowout" of Seal (3-16) resulting erratic operation and leakage out the atmospheric vent port on top of the unit. If defueling is a routine operation assure that Seal (3-16) is properly retained (latest design is retained by 6-screws).

4.3 COUPLER DISCONNECTION

Coupler disconnection is essentially the reverse of connection.

Proceed as follows:

- A. First, if the fuel control hose is attached by using the dry break disconnect remove it. If it is attached permanently proceed with the next step.
- B. The poppets must be closed by rotating the poppet handle in the direction marked closed. During the final

portion of handle closing travel, a resistance will be felt as the coupler poppet enters the seal and must displace the liquid trapped within the coupler and unit.

C. Maintain a moderate steady force in the closed direction to permit the coupler poppet shaft to open the relief valve in the unit and vent some of the trapped liquid downstream of the unit outer piston seat, permitting the poppets to close.

D. With the poppets closed the seal between the coupler and the adapter is broken, and a poppet leak check may be accomplished, if so desired.

E. Separation is achieved by using one hand to grasp the hose and hold the coupler square to the adapter, relieving hose weight tension on the lugs locking the coupler to the adapter. Depress the collar stop assembly and lift the collar with the other hand. Then lift the coupler off the adapter. The spring-loaded detent pin will extend, locking the collar in the retracted position. With the collar lock retracted, a physical interference between the collar and the handle prevents accidental opening of the coupler poppet.

F. Following reinstallation of the dust cap, the operational cycle is complete and the unit may be returned with the pickup hose to its normal storage location.

5.0 SAFETY INFORMATION - PERIODIC INSPECTIONS

The equipment described herein is designed primarily for safe, convenient, and reliable operation under normal operating conditions. However, the more exposed parts are subject to damage, and to wear with time that can result in unreliable or unsafe operation if not detected or corrected. Consequently, it is considered mandatory that

a brief safety inspection is accomplished periodically. The frequency of this inspection can vary depending upon the utilization; however, under no circumstances should the frequency be less than once a month. A more thorough periodic inspection should be accomplished at

least once a year. Both inspections are discussed in the following paragraphs.

5.1 INTERLOCK

The coupler incorporates an interlock feature that prevents it from being opened unless it is installed onto a hydrant or adapter. The unit may not be removed from the hydrant unless the operating handle has been moved to the closed position. An additional safety system, collar stop assembly, has been provided to prevent the unit from being **blown off** the hydrant in the case where the hydrant valve adapter poppet fails to close with the coupler disengagement. During the connection cycle, the interlock is automatically disengaged by the proper alignment of the coupler with the hydrant. During the disconnection cycle, it is necessary to manually depress the collar stop assembly to allow the collar to be moved away from the hydrant valve and complete the cycle. Should a major leakage occur after the operating handle has been closed and before unlocking the collar stop, this indicates a failure of the hydrant valve poppet. One should first reopen the coupler poppet and make sure that the hydrant valve pilot has been closed and then close the servicing valve on the hydrant valve before attempting to remove the coupler. If the leakage still is apparent, attempt to re-open the coupler to stop the leakage and then shut down the operation of the system prior to completely disconnecting the coupler to prevent a possible catastrophic spill.

5.2 QUICK DISCONNECT RETENTION METHOD

There are two different styles used to retain the quick disconnect at the outlet of the coupler. Both have some features in common. The female half of the quick disconnect assembly, in both cases, is connected to the male half by means of balls that mate with a groove in the male half and are retained there by a sleeve around the outer diameter of the female half. The sleeve maintains inward pressure on the balls to keep them in the groove of the male half. The retention of the sleeve does differ between the two styles.

A. Standard Option 2 Retention – This option is the newest design patterned after the EatonCarter brand quick disconnect dry-break used on nozzles. Two standard and an optional third method of locking the sleeve in place are employed. First of all the sleeve is spring loaded in the locked position requiring the operator to push the sleeve to the unlocked position before the disconnect can be achieved. In addition two spring loaded thumb latches are also employed to keep the sleeve in a locked position. Hence the operator must depress both latches and move the sleeve to the unlocked position before the disconnect can be affected.

In addition to the standard locking methods an optional (X) safety clip is provided to physically prevent the sleeve from being moved to the unlocked position until it has been removed.

B. Options 3 & 4 – The retention on these options is the same as previously used on the 60700-1 and 60600 type couplers. The female half portion of the disconnects are not available on a new 64802. It is assumed that the customer has these parts and is retrofitting either with the 64802. The sleeve itself is maintained in place by a partially circular wire-retaining ring. This ring engages coincidental grooves in the quick disconnect housing and the sleeve. The spreading of the retaining ring allows disengagement of the retaining ring from the sleeve groove and, therefore, movement of the sleeve away from the balls. A retainer plate is used to cover the retaining ring to prevent all but intentional spreading. The coupler should never be operated without the installation of this plate. A secondary locking ring is also

provided to prevent the sleeve from moving away from the coupler unless it is intentional.

5.3 CARRIAGE ASSEMBLY - OPTION W.

When utilized, the Carriage Assy incorporates a torsion spring, which can produce potential injury if the unit is not handled properly. Extending and retracting the castors of the unit should be done with care to prevent possible injury.

5.4 MONTHLY PERIODIC INSPECTIONS

5.4.1 Safety Inspections

Accomplish the following once each month: (An experienced operator should be able to accomplish these inspections in 30 to 45 seconds.)

A. While removing the Dust Cap (1-2) inspect the 16 Locking Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) to determine if any are missing, broken, bent, abnormally worn, etc. Verify that the Detent Pin (2-26) is extended and prevents collar extension. While holding the Collar (2-27) retracted, depress the Detent Pin (2-26) and release it to verify that it returns to the extended position. Examine the Collar (2-27) for excessive wear, cracks, or other damage. Verify that the Collar Stop Assembly (1-31) is in place and not bent.

Reason: Missing, damaged, cracked, and abnormally worn or broken lugs can result in fuel pressure ejecting the coupler off the adapter with the poppet open. A stuck or malfunctioning detent pin can permit collar extension and accidental opening of the coupler poppet with the coupler disengaged from the adapter. The collar stop option, if present, prevents gross adapter poppet leakage from raising the collar and blowing the coupler off the adapter.

B. Visually inspect the closed Poppet (2-15) for signs of abnormal positioning. Visually inspect the molded rubber seal for cracks and tears.

Reason: Abnormal poppet retraction or extension indicates a compression or tension failure of portions of the internal linkage that could either result in a mid-position jam or complete separation of the linkage and accidental poppet opening. Damage to the molded seal can result in coupler connected external leakage or coupler disconnected poppet leakage.

C. If the unit incorporates Product Selection (Option C), verify that it is properly installed and that the bolt heads do not extend above the adjacent collar surface.

Reason: Improper product selection installation will, at the very least, result in an unnecessary connection delay, and at the worst, permit connection to the wrong product.

D. Inspect the poppet-operating handle for bent, worn, broken, or missing pieces on the round cam-like surface. Inspect the adjacent surface of the collar.

Reason: The round portion of the handle locks the collar in the engaged, extended position. Broken, bent, or missing portions of this handle, or of the collar may permit accidental collar retraction with the poppets open that could result in the coupler being ejected from the adapter.

E. Visually inspect the Nuts (3-3) securing the coupler housing to the elbow for security of installation and damage.

Reason: If the nuts are found to be loose or not properly tightened leakage of the joint may occur.

F. Visually inspect the female half quick disconnect to verify that the ball retaining sleeve is fully engaged. On options 3 & 4 verify that the ring retainer is secured by two lockwired screws so that the two ends of the retainer ring extend through the remaining two holes in the ring retainer. Verify that the lock ring is engaged in the safety groove immediately adjacent to the ball-retaining sleeve. On option 2 verify that the thumb latches are fully in the locked position. If option X, Safety Clip is used verify that it is installed in the groove at the end of the sleeve to prevent the sleeve from moving to the unlocked position.

Reason: See WARNING in paragraph 7.1.

G. Visually inspect the fuel control line connection to the unit's connector for security of installation and damage.

Reason: Pressure tight fuel connection is required for proper function. Unit body depressions or dents may cause the main piston to hang open and prevent a deadman release shutdown.

5.5 EXTENDED PERIODIC INSPECTIONS - (ANNUAL INSPECTION)

In addition to the safety inspection advocated above, a more extended inspection should be accomplished. It will be necessary to provide a container to capture entrapped fuel during the following inspection. The parenthetical numbers are the item numbers in the list of materials in the referenced tables.

A. Refer to paragraph 7.1 for method of separating female half quick disconnect from the automatic fuel pressure control valve. Capture spilled fuel in a suitable container.

B. Inspect female half quick disconnect. Inspect balls for chips, flat spots, or excessive wear. Inspect ball retaining sleeve for cracks and wear from the balls. Inspect housing on the female half for cracks or thread damage.

C. Replace male adapter O-ring (4-22), (5-5) and (6-5). Inspect ball race Rings (4-19), (5-13) or (6-13) for brinelling (indenting of the material by the Balls (4-5), (5-8) or (6-8) and other indications of damage. Replace brinelled or damaged ball race Rings (4-19), (5-13) or (6-13). Remove outer ball race Ring (4-19), (5-13) or (6-13) and measure the smallest wire diameter. Replace the ball race ring if the smallest wire diameter is 0.123 inch (3.12 mm) or less. Reinstall an acceptable ball race Ring (4-19), (5-13) or (6-13).

D. Conduct the Coupler Lower Half inspection detailed in paragraph 9.5. If the specified Wear Gauge, 61362, is not available then continue with the inspections detailed in paragraphs E and F below as an alternative. The use of the Wear Gauge is preferred and will give more positive results.

E. Grasp opposite sides of the Collar (2-27) with the fingers while depressing the spring loaded Detent Pin (2-26) with one thumb. The Collar (2-27) will move to the engaged position, away from the Poppet Operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B). Verify that the 16 Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) cannot be depressed back into the collar with the Collar (2-27) extended.

F. Inspect 16 coupling Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) very closely for wear, cracks or damage. If any Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) are cracked, damaged, missing, or worn locally beyond 0.030 inch (0.76 mm), the unit is unsafe and should be withdrawn from service and completely overhauled. This inspection may be made by comparison with a new Lug (2-33, 2-33A).

Press the tip of one Lug (2-33, 2-33A) inward until stopped by the Collar (2-27). While holding the Lug (2-33, 2-33A) inward, rotate the Collar (2-27) through 360° to determine whether any grooves have been pressed into the Collar (2-27) by the Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) during previous misuse. If such grooves are evident, they will alternately cause the Lug (2-33, 2-33A) to move out and in when it is pressed against the Collar (2-27). If grooves are felt, the coupling is unsafe and should be removed from service and completely overhauled.

Alternately press each Lug (2-33, 2-33A) against the Collar (2-27) to determine which lug protrudes the least distance through the body slot. Then, while holding the Lug (2-33, 2-33A) against the Collar (2-27), use a scale to measure the inward distance the lug tip protrudes from the adjacent body inside diameter. If the measured distance is less than 0.15 inch (3.8 mm) the coupling is unsafe and should be removed from service and completely overhauled.

G. Carefully operate the Poppet Operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B) to the open position while capturing trapped fuel in a suitable container. Operation should be smooth and even.

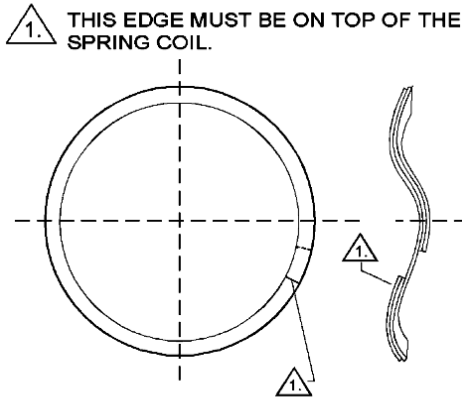
Note: The molded rubber Nose Seal (2-17) which is normally contained either by the Poppet (2-15) or the pit adapter face, may extend with the Poppet (2-15) contingent on the relative friction between the Poppet (2-15) and the Nose Seal (2-17) and that between the same Nose Seal (2-17) and the O-ring (2-18) and Housing (2-5). Do not be alarmed if the nose seal does come out of the unit. Use the opportunity to inspect the Wave Washer (2-19) for damage. The Wave Washer (2-19), single piece unit, is designed such that the ends of layers will be forced against the adjoining layers. If installed incorrectly the ends move away from the adjoining layers and into the Nose Seal (2-17) or Body (2-5) causing it to move inward until it tends to jam the mechanism. The Wave Washer (2-19) should be inspected to assure that it is correctly arranged. Refer to Figure B for a graphic representation of the correct arrangement. If it is incorrect it can easily be changed by turning it within itself. The seal O-ring (2-18) may also be replaced if it appears scrubbed. Reposition the Wave Washer (2-19) and install the O-ring (2-18) onto the Nose Seal (17) prior to closing the Poppet (2-15).

H. Inspect the molded rubber Nose Seal (2-17) for damage, tears, etc. on both the adapter and poppet sealing surfaces.

I. Depress the Collar Stop Assy (1-31) and verify that the Collar (2-27) cannot be retracted with the Poppet Operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B) in any position but the full closed position.

J. With the Poppet (2-15) closed and the Collar Stop Assy (1-31) depressed, push the Collar (2-27) to the retracted position while observing that the spring loaded Detent Pin (2-26) extends and locks Collar (2-27).

K. With the Poppet (2-15) closed, precisely measure the distance between outer surface of the molded seal and the adjacent surface of the coupler body at two places 180° apart. If the average of these two measurements exceeds 0.100 inch (2.54 mm), the internal linkages are excessively worn and the coupler should be withdrawn from service and completely overhauled.

NOTE:**FIGURE B - Wave Washer (2-19A)**

L. Remove the Elbow Assembly (1-1) from the assembly and apply 60 psig minimum air to fuel control port. The Piston (3-11) should open. Maintain pressure and using a flashlight; carefully inspect O-ring (3-18). With the air pressure maintained, place a bubble of liquid soap solution over vent port in Housing (3-32) at Screen

(3-34) and observe for excessive leakage. A bubble may form with the soap solution. However, if the bubble quickly forms and breaks, the unit should be overhauled and Seal (3-31) and O-ring (3-30) need replacing. Relieve air pressure. Unit piston should close. Using the flashlight, inspect relief valve passage in unit Seal Retainer (3-14) and verify it is clean and not clogged.

M. If the unit contains Option C, Product Selection, inspect for security, effectiveness and damage. Verify that product selector bolt heads are flush to 0.03 inch (0.76 mm) below the adjacent Collar (2-27) surface.

N. Lubricate unit outlet O-ring (4-22), (5-7) or Teflon Seal on Option 4 Adapter, as appropriate, with petroleum jelly. Reassemble and safety lock (options 3 & 4 only) the female half quick disconnect per paragraph 7.1.F.

O. Check the mating flange on the Elbow (1-1) with the Body (2-5) for damage to the studs in the Elbow (1-1) or the wall of the Elbow (1-1). Check the wall between the inner diameter of the coupler upper half Elbow (1-1) and the studs. The diameter should be smooth and continuous with no evidence of bulging or hairline cracks. If the wall is bulged or cracked, the studs retaining holes are already over stressed and the part is no longer safe for use. The coupler Elbow (1-1) will have to be replaced.

6.0 TROUBLE SHOOTING AND MINOR REPAIR

General trouble shooting analysis and minor repair actions are as follows:

6.1 TROUBLE: Collar (2-27) will not drop or extend during engagement.

Probable Cause:

- A. Coupler improperly positioned.
- B. Product Selection not mated or incorrectly set.

Remedy:

- A. Use one hand to relieve hose weight while using the other hand to center and square coupler to adapter.
- B. Rotate Collar (2-27) until Product Selection mates. If adapter flange incorporates a tab, align strip or arrow on Collar (2-27) with tab. Verify that adapter and coupler Product Selection is intended to mate.
- C. Square coupling face to adapter to assure that the Detent Pin (2-26) is depressed. If hole in Body (2-5) in which Detent Pin (2-26) is housed is egg shaped it may be difficult to depress.
- D. Collar (2-27) may be out of round.

6.2 TROUBLE: Poppet Operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B) cannot be moved in open direction.

Probable Cause: Collar (2-27) is not engaged, removing physical safety interlock between Poppet Operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B) and Collar (2-27).

Remedy: Fully engage Collar (2-27). See 6.1 above.

6.3 TROUBLE: Poppet Operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B) rotates easily for approximately 45° in the open direction and then a high resistance is felt.

Probable Cause: This is normal if the adapter is pressurized.

Remedy: Continue to apply moderate pressure to the Poppet Operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B) in the poppet open

direction until the pressure equalizes and the poppet opens easily.

6.4 TROUBLE: External Leak Between Coupler Lower Half (1-5) Flange And Pressure Control Elbow Assy (1-1).

Probable Cause:

- A. Flange Nuts (3-3) loose.
- B. O-ring (2-10) damaged.
- C. Studs in Elbow (1-1) loose.

Remedy: Refer to Figures 1 and 2:

- A. Tighten Nuts (3-3) to 90 ±10 inch pounds (104 ± 12 kg-cm) and recheck for leakage. Note: Special torque wrench kit, WL4680 is available to make it easier to reach less accessible screws and nuts.
- B. Replace O-ring (2-10) as follows:
 1. Use suitable container to capture entrapped fuel. Verify coupler is depressurized. Remove six Nuts (3-3), six Washers (3-2), and Dust Cap (1-2).
 2. Carefully separate Pressure Control Elbow Assy (1-1) from coupling Body (2-5). Remove and discard O-ring (2-10).
 3. Lubricate new O-ring (2-10) and carefully place over pilot on Body (2-5).
 4. Carefully assemble Elbow Assy (1-1) to Coupler Lower Half (1-5), reinstalling six Washers (3-2), Dust Cap (1-2) and six Nuts (3-3). Torque nuts to 90 ± 10 inch pounds (104 ± 12 kg-cm).
 5. Pressure check new O-ring installation at 5 and 150-psig fuel pressure, if possible. If not possible, carefully observe for leakage during next use.

C. Studs should be retightened using two nuts on each as jam nuts. If threads retaining studs are damaged then the Elbow (1-1) will have to be replaced.

6.5 TROUBLE: External leak between disconnect halves.

Probable Cause: Damaged O-ring (4-22), (5-7) or the Teflon Seal in the female half as appropriate.

Remedy: Remove and replace O-ring (4-22), (5-7) or the Teflon Seal in the female half as appropriate as follows:

A. Use suitable container to capture entrapped fuel. Refer to paragraph 7.1 for correct method of separating disconnect.

B. With the disconnect separated, remove and discard O-ring (4-22), (5-7) or (6-5). Lubricate with petroleum jelly and carefully install new O-ring (4-22), (5-7) or (6-5).

C. On options 3 & 4, reconnect, safety and lockwire disconnect assembly per paragraph 7.1. On option X be sure that clip is in the proper locking position.

D. Leak check at 5 and 150 psig fuel pressure if possible. If not, carefully observe joint during next operation.

6.6 TROUBLE: Leak at Poppet Operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B).

Probable Cause: O-ring (2-25) damaged, worn or scrubbed.

Remedy:

A. O-ring (2-25) can be replaced without removing the coupler from the hose, however, the dispenser may be out of service for a shorter time if the coupler is replaced with a spare coupler and repair is accomplished on the bench. The hose should be depressurized and drained. Separation of the disconnect may be the simplest method of draining the hose.

WARNING:

Assure that the hose is not pressurized.

B. With the coupler held over an adequately sized container, depress the Detent Pin (2-26) and extend the Collar (2-27), operate the Poppet Operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B) in the open direction, opening the Poppet (2-15) to drain the hose. Close the Poppet (2-15) when the hose is drained, depress Collar Stop Assy (1-31) and retract the Collar (2-27) releasing the spring loaded Detent Pin (2-26).

C. Remove Bolt (2-6), lock Washer (2-7), and Washer (2-8). Remove poppet operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B), Key (2-9), and outer shaft seal Bearing (2-24). Use a sharp pointed instrument or pin to remove old O-ring (2-25). Lubricate new O-ring (2-25) with petroleum jelly or equivalent. Use clean, lint-free cloth dipped in clean fuel or solvent to clean the sealing surfaces of the Crank Shaft (2-20) and Body (2-5). Carefully install new, lubricated O-ring (2-25) using clean, smooth blunt instrument to seat it properly. Inspect O-ring (2-25) to verify that it is not twisted.

D. Reinstall outer shaft seal Bearing (2-24), poppet operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B), Key (2-9), Washer (2-8), lock Washer (2-7), and Bolt (2-6). Torque Bolt (2-6) to 90 ± 10 inch pounds (104 ± 12 Kg-Cm).

E. If possible, connect this coupler to a pressurized adapter and open Poppet (2-15). Observe the Crank Shaft (2-20) for leakage through several poppet opening and closing cycles.

6.7 TROUBLE: External leakage between unit and adapter or hydrant with unit engaged and Poppet (2-15) open.

Probable Cause:

A. Damaged adapter sealing surface.

B. Damaged Nose Seal (2-17).

C. Damaged or worn O-ring (2-18).

D. Missing, damaged, broken, or ineffectual Wave Washer (2-19).

Remedy

A. Replace or repair hydrant adapter.

B. Inspect Nose Seal (2-17) for tears, abrasions, blisters, bond failure, etc. If none are found, proceed to Remedy (C). If seal is damaged or otherwise defective, remove coupler from service and replace Nose Seal (2-17) on the bench as follows:

1. Separate Pressure Control Elbow Assy (1-1) from Coupler Lower Half (1-5) in accordance with paragraph 6.4, remedy B, steps 1 and 2.

2. Open Poppet (2-15) by depressing Detent Pin (2-26) and sliding Collar (2-17) forward, then rotate Handle (2-1) to the open position. Drain the unit in an appropriate basin or tank.

Remove Screws (2-15B) from Poppet Assembly (2-15) using a torque wrench. The running torque to remove the Screws (2-15B) shall not be less than 6 in.-lb (6.9 kg.-cm.). Remove Poppet (2-15C) and O-ring (2-15D). Discard O-ring (2-15D). Continue on with paragraph 4 - 8.

3. Grasp Nose Seal (2-17) with fingers and pull it out of the Body (2-5) bore. Discard Nose Seal (2-17). Remove and discard O-ring (2-18). Use opportunity to inspect Wave Washer (2-19) for damage and quantity. Inspect the Wave Washer (2-19) in accordance with Figure B, paragraph 5.5G.

4. Use clean, lint-free cloth soaked in clean solvent or fuel to clean out Body (2-5) bore, and Poppet (2-15).

5. Lubricate new O-ring (2-18) with petroleum jelly and assemble it over new Nose Seal (2-17). Insure that O-ring is not twisted.

6. Position Wave Washer (2-19) in Body (2-5) bore.

Carefully insert new Nose Seal (2-17) in Body (2-5) bore, ensuring that new O-ring is not pinched.

7. Assemble new O-ring (2-15D) to the Shaft (2-15E) after lightly lubricating it. Install Poppet (2-15C) to the Shaft (2-15E) and Screws (2-15B). Torque the Screws (2-15B) to 10 ± 1 in.-lbs. (11.5 ± 1 kg-cm). If running torque of Screws (2-15B) is less than 6 in.-lbs. (6.9 kg-cm) replace the Screws (2-15B) with new ones. Skip to paragraph 10.

8. Close and open Poppet (2-15) several times. Then close Poppet (2-15), depress Collar

Stop Assy (1-31) and retract Collar (2-27) to retracted position.

9. If removed reassemble Coupler Lower Half (1-5) to Pressure Control Elbow Assy (1-1) and conduct coupler functional, proof pressure and leakage tests per paragraphs 12.4 and 12.5.

C. Replace damaged or worn O-ring (2-18) using procedure outlined in (B) above for replacing nose seal.

D. Damaged, broken or ineffectual Wave Washer (2-19): Proceed as in (B) above, to inspect Wave Washer (2-19). If any of the Wave Washer (2-19) is damaged, cracked, or broken, proceed as in (B) remedy (above) to replace damaged Wave Washer (2-19), and do not replace Nose Seal (2-17) unless it is also damaged.

6.8 TROUBLE: Leakage past Poppet (2-15) seal with coupler disengaged.

Probable Cause:

A. Damaged Poppet (2-15) sealing surface.

B. Damaged molded rubber on Nose Seal (2-17).

Remedy:

Isolate problem by reducing pressure in the unit and draining unit, and opening poppet as described in paragraph 5.5.G. Inspect Poppet (2-15C) sealing surface and Nose Seal (2-17). Replace damaged component or components per paragraph 6.7 remedy B. Disassemble only to the extent necessary to replace either the Poppet (2-15C) or Nose Seal (2-17). Replace O-ring (2-18) if Nose Seal (2-17) is replaced

6.9 TROUBLE: Excess force required during last portion of poppet closing travel.

Probable Cause:

A. Steady force had not been applied to poppet operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B) long enough to permit relief valve to vent trapped fluid downstream, relieving the hydraulic lock.

B. Pressure trapped downstream of unit.

C. Relief Valve (3-46 through 58) improperly adjusted.

D. Relief valve passages clogged with foreign matter or unit piston Seat Retainer (3-14) is mis-installed so that relief valve passage is blocked.

Remedy:

A. Apply steady moderate force until poppet closes.

B. Vent trapped pressure.

C. Maintain steady force on poppet Handle 2-1 or 1-B) and momentarily actuate deadman valve to relieve hydraulic lock and close poppet to permit coupling disengagement. Then, remove the unit from service for bench correction. Disassemble only to the extent necessary to readjust relief valve or clean clogged passages. Refer to paragraphs 9.3 and 11.5.1 for relief valve adjustment, disassembly, and reassembly instructions if necessary. Bench static pressure test all seals that are broken during disassembly.

6.10 TROUBLE:

Unit does not open or opens very slowly (several minutes), when deadman is actuated.

Probable Cause:

A. Coupler poppet has not been opened.

B. Fuel control hose or passages clogged.

C. Coupler is closed due to locked in downstream pressure.

Remedy:

A. Open coupler poppet.

B. Loosen hose connection at unit connector and verify that pressure is reaching unit. If it is not, replace or clean out fuel control hose.

C. Apply 60-psi pressure to fuel control port and determine that piston opens. If not then overhaul Elbow Assembly (1-1) paying particular attention to the passages between the fuel control port and the piston chamber.

D. Unit will open when downstream pressure is relieved by initiating flow.

6.11 TROUBLE:

Unit opens and then abruptly shuts off when deadman valve is actuated.

Probable Cause:

Downstream system is blocked.

Remedy:

Open nozzle(s) or other valve blocking flow.

6.12 TROUBLE:

Leakage out the vent port (screw) on the top of the coupler.

Probable Cause/Remedy:

O-rings/Seals (3-15), (3-16), (3-17), (3-29), (3-30) or (3-31) need replacing.

6.13 TROUBLE:

Pressure control is not consistent and is not to the desired level.

Probable Cause/Remedy:

The 64035 or 64235 Digital Pressure Control System is responsible for achieving pressure control. Refer to the SU64035 or 64235 Setup Manuals for remedies.

6.14 TROUBLE:

Excessive internal fuel leakage.

Probable Cause:

A. Inlet pressure is above 200 psi and relief valve is relieving.

B. Fuel Control Pressure in the unit is not fully relieved.

C. Foreign object is holding unit outer piston off seat.

D. Unit seal leakage.

Remedy:

A. Decrease inlet pressure to less than 175 psi.

B. Completely vent fuel control pressure.

C. Remove unit from hose by disconnecting female half quick disconnect per paragraph 7.1, exercising all specified safety provisions. Apply deadman to fully open Outer Piston (3-11); use pliers or other gripping tool to remove foreign object; and then release deadman to

close unit. Reinstall on hose by connecting female half quick disconnect per paragraph 7.1.

WARNING:

Do not insert fingers into valve while piston is open. Accidental release of deadman could result in finger amputation or other personal injury. Always use needle nose pliers or other grasping tool if practicing this remedy.

- D. Remove unit from service and place on test bench to isolate leak path to one of the following by applying 150 psi inlet pressure with the deadman released while observing for leakage through the open unit outlet.

WARNING:

Wear safety glasses or other eye protection while inspecting outlet for leakage.

1. Past Outer Piston (3-11) Seal (3-7).
2. Past Outer Piston (3-11) seat O-ring (3-18).
3. Through relief valve hole in piston seat Retainer (3-14).

Then, use the applicable portions of Section 9.0 to disassemble, clean, remove and replace, or polish the defective seal, O-ring, seat, or sealing surface causing the noted leakage. Leakage at point 3 above could result from omission of O-rings (3-52, 3-53) or Spring (3-46) during assembly after overhaul.

6.15 TROUBLE:

Unit closing rates are too fast.
Probable Cause:

Digital Pressure Control not properly setup.

Remedy:

Refer to SU64035 or SU64235 for proper remedy.

6.16 TROUBLE:

Coupler poppet linkage does not cause relief valve to relieve hydraulic lock and vent trapped fluid downstream of closed unit piston seat.

Probable Cause:

Relief Valve (3-46 through 58) is not correctly adjusted.

Remedies:

Readjust relief valve per paragraph 11.5.1.N.

6.17 TROUBLE:

Collar (2-27) will not deploy to allow connection to the hydrant valve or adapter.

Probable Cause:

The Detent Pin (2-26) may be worn in one location on its angular portion preventing the Ball (2-30) from moving into the hole in the Body (2-5).

Remedies:

A short-term remedy is to rotate the Pin (2-26). A more positive remedy is to replace it.

6.18 TROUBLE:

Collar (2-27) will not move to the stowed position or is difficult to move.

Probable Cause:

The Detent Pin (2-26) is worn on the outer diameter on the spring end of the pin.

Remedies:

A short-term remedy is to rotate the Pin (2-26). A more positive remedy is to replace it.

7.0 INSTALLATION

Installation of the Coupler consists of connecting the outlet to the pickup hose and connecting the fuel control hose to the unit connector hose fittings. Proceed as follows:

7.1 PICKUP HOSE CONNECTION

The installation of the coupler to the hose is contingent of the optional outlet arrangement incorporated in the specific unit. The Pressure Control Elbow Assy (1-1) with the appropriate male half quick disconnect will connect to any of the six various sized outlet threaded female half quick disconnects with carrying handle. A proper pipe thread lubricant should be used when tightening the female half quick disconnect to the hose thread.

On option 2, thumb latches and a spring-loaded sleeve are provided to assure that the locking device is secure. Option X provides extra safety.

A. If Option X, Safety Ring is present gently spread it to move it off the disconnect and leave it on the hose.

B. Depress both Latches (4-8) simultaneously and push the sleeve toward the hose. Pull the female (hose half) away from the coupler to separate.

On options 3 & 4, holes have been provided in the screws used to lock the Retainer on the female half in place. It is recommended that these screws be lockwired to further prevent loosening during service.

A. Observe the method of lockwire securing the two screws to assure correct reassembly. Break lockwire if present and remove the two screws. Remove retainer on the female half. Note that housing on the female half incorporates two lock ring grooves. If the lock ring on the female half is installed in the outer groove, away from the ball-retaining sleeve, proceed to step B. If the lock ring on the female half is installed in safety inner groove on the housing, adjacent to the ball-retaining sleeve, spread the lock ring until it may be moved into full engagement in the second (outer) groove.

B. Grasp outside diameter of the ball retaining sleeve with the fingers while using the thumbs to spread the ends of the retainer ring. Slide ball-retaining sleeve back until stopped by the lock ring on the female half in the housing on the female half groove. This action allows the 24 balls to disengage from the mating groove in the appropriate Pressure Control Elbow Assy (1-1). The two parts may now be separated. Note: The o-ring utilized, on Elbow Assy (1-1), to seal the joint between the two halves will provide considerable resistance to separation. The Teflon seal used on option 4 will separate easier. Axial force and twisting of the two halves in opposite directions will aid in this operation.

C. When the Female Half Quick Disconnect is disengaged, move ball retainer sleeve back to engaged position and temporarily reinstall ring retainer on the female half and two screws to prevent loss of the parts.

Inspect the hose fitting male threads for dirt and damage. Clean and repair threads as necessary. Apply anti seize compound. For Options K, M or N (BSPP threads) install a proper sized gasket (not furnished by Eaton) in the proper position. Use the wrench flats on the female housing on the female half to tighten the female half to the hose fitting.

Reconnect, safety lock and lockwire the female half quick disconnect to the Pressure Control Elbow Assy (1-1) as appropriate using the following steps:

WARNING:

On options 3 & 4 improper (or omission of) safety locking and lockwiring of the female half quick disconnect can result in accidental separation of the disconnect at high pressures and/or flow rates resulting in a potentially unsafe and undesirable product spill that could result in personal injury.

A. Options 3 & 4 - Remove the temporarily installed screws, and ring retainer on the female half. Place the ball retainer sleeve in the retracted position as described in B, above.

B. Assure that o-ring or Teflon seal in the female half as appropriate is lubricated with petroleum jelly.

C. On options 3 & 4 press forward (away from hose) on ball retainer sleeve while spreading retainer ring with thumbs while sliding female quick disconnect assembly over outlet of Pressure Control Elbow Assy (1-1) until balls pass into ball race of Pressure Control Elbow Assy (1-1) housing and retaining sleeve will suddenly snap forward to the engaged position. Release the ends of retainer ring to allow it to snap into the housing groove.

D. On option 2 depress the two thumb latches and press forward (away from the hose on the Sleeve Assy (4-6) until the Balls (4-5) are engaged into the groove. Release the Sleeve Assy (4-6) and the Latches (4-8) to lock in place. If option X is utilized, place it in the groove behind the Sleeve Assy (4-6) to keep it from moving forward.

E. On options 3 & 4, install ring retainer on the female half so that two of its holes capture the ends of the retainer ring while the other two holes line up with the threaded holes in sleeve. Fasten ring retainer on the female half with two screws. Before lockwiring the two screws together, grasp sleeve at two places, without touching retainer ring, and attempt to move sleeve to the disengaged position.

Caution:

If the sleeve on any of the options can be moved toward the disengaged position, or can be partially cocked, the female half quick disconnect is unsafe for use and should be withdrawn from service until the cause is found and corrected.

On options 3 or 4, one probable cause is mishandling that has resulted in permanent deformation of the tips of retainer ring which has bent them toward each other. If bent sufficiently, then the installation of the ring retainer on the female half will hold retainer ring in the spread position so it is not fully engaged in the housing groove.

F. Lockwire two screws on options 3 and 4, to each other with 0.020-inch stainless steel lockwire in a manner that backing out of the screws results in the lockwire being tightened.

G. On options 3 & 4, **be sure and move The lock ring on the female half to safety groove nearest sleeve** Verify that The lock ring on the female half is fully engaged in safety groove.

WARNING:

On options 3 & 4, omission, or loss, of ring retainer on the female half can result in accidental separation of the quick disconnect under high flow conditions. Under no condition should the disconnect be used without the ring retainer on the female half locking the end of the retainer ring and the screws, securely lockwired.

7.2 FUEL CONTROL CONNECTION

Connect the fuel control hose to the ports with SAE type fittings and o-rings (not furnished by Eaton). Option F provides a means to semi-permanently connect the hose to the coupler with a quick disconnect. The female half is not furnished by Eaton. Use Parker Hannifin H3-68 3/8" FNPT or equivalent.

7.3 PRODUCT SELECTOR SET

If unit contains Option C, Product Selection, verify that set is correctly positioned for desired product. If it is not, reposition required Bolt (1-C) and verify that bolt head is flush to 0.03-inch (0.76-mm) below the adjacent Collar (2-27) surface.

7.4 INSTALLATION INSPECTION

Option 2 – Verify that the thumb latches are in the locked position. Grasp the Sleeve Assy (4-6) and attempt to move it toward the unlocked position. If it will not move the latches are properly seated. If option X is utilized be sure it is properly installed to prevent the Sleeve Assy (4-6) from moving to the unlocked position.

Options 3 & 4 - Verify security of installation, reinstallation and lockwiring of female half quick disconnect retainer screws, and correct positioning of disconnect lock ring on the female half. See WARNING in paragraph 7.1.

7.5 INITIAL INSTALLATION PREPARATION

Following the initial installation of the fuel pressure control coupler, it is necessary to fill the fuel pressure control passages with fuel, and to bleed air from these passages and from the fuel control hose to prevent erratic operation of the fuel pressure control valve (Pressure Control Elbow Assy (1-1)). The Plug (3-37) can be loosened to simplify and shorten the time required for this process.

While the detailed fill and bleed methods may understandably vary according to the detail design of the servicer or dispenser on which the unit is installed, the following general procedure is one practical method of filling and bleeding the Pressure Control Elbow Assy (1-1) following field replacement of the unit. Of course, if the unit is installed on a new servicer that is completely empty, this procedure should not be used since a more rapid method of filling the entire dispenser volume is desirable.

A. Place the coupler face over a hydrant pit valve adapter. Use one hand to relieve hose weight bending forces so that coupler face is centered and square to the adapter, so the Detent Pin (2-26) is depressed and the Collar (2-27) drops.

B. Remove Plug (3-37) and insert a standard 1/4" SAE fitting with an o-ring seal. Connect a short hose and

ball valve to the fuel control port to collect any fuel in a bucket. Apply 60-psi fuel pressure to Port "A" Fuel Control Port. This will open the coupler and fill the chamber with fuel. Open the ball valve slightly to bleed the chamber until there is no evidence of air coming from the unit. Remove the pressure to close the coupler with

the ball valve still open. Repeat operation several times to be assured that all air is removed.

C. When all air has been bled, replace Plug (3-37), replace the hose from the fuel control port and proceed with normal operation commencing with step 4.1.

8.0 SPECIAL TOOLS

The following special Carter tools are recommended for use during the maintenance of the coupler:

- 61362 Wear Gauge - Inspects completely assembled couplers to indicate wear.
- 60505D or 61526D - 4" API Adapter for use in testing the unit.

- AF42208-1 - Seal polishing run-in tool.
- WL4680 – Screw/bolt torque wrench kit. Includes a torque wrench with 50 – 250 in-lb. capabilities. Contains all special sized sockets to fit into the tight places on the coupler. Can be used on all Carter nozzles and hydrants as well.

9.0 DISASSEMBLY

Refer to Figures 1-15 for exploded views or drawings of the unit to assist in disassembly. The numbers mentioned herein are those shown in one of these figures.

9.1 OUTLET CONNECTION TO HOSE

Refer to Figure 4-6. Unless there is a need to replace or repair any parts of the female half of the quick disconnect, it may be left on the hose. Excessive wear of the inside diameter of the sleeve can be a cause of external leakage from the O-ring or seal between the two halves. Removal of the coupler from the female half quick disconnect may be accomplished in the following manner:

Option 2:

A. If option X is present remove it by spreading the ends of the clip sufficiently to move it to a location on the hose fitting away from the disconnect. If not, proceed with B below.

B. Depress the two thumb Latches (4-8) and simultaneously move the Sleeve Assy (4-6) toward the hose. This action will unlock the joint and the coupler can be separated from the female disconnect.

Option 3 & 4:

A. Note the method used to lockwire the two Screws (4A-2) or (5A-2) to assure correct reassembly. Break the lockwire if present and remove the Screws (4A-2) or (5A-2). Remove the Retainer Plate (4A-4) or (5A-4). Note that the Housing (4A-5) or (5A-5) incorporates two lock ring grooves. The Lock Ring (4A-1) or (5A-1) should be installed in the groove closest to the Sleeve (4A-6) or (5A-6) during operation. Move it to the groove farthest from the Sleeve (4A-6) or (5A-6).

B. Grasp the outside diameter of the Sleeve (4A-6) or (5A-6) with the fingers while using the thumbs to spread the ends of the Retaining Ring (4-6). The Sleeve (4A-6) or (5A-6) may then be moved toward the outlet (hose) end of the unit until stopped by the Lock Ring (4A-1) or (5A-1), unloading the Balls (4A-8) or (5A-8) that lock the coupler to the quick disconnect. The Female Half Quick Disconnect (1-K-N & P) may be removed from the coupler. Considerable force may be required (Option 3) due to the presence of an O-ring seal used between the two halves.

C. Remove the Lock Ring (4A-1) or (5A-1) from the Housing (4A-5) or (5A-5). Spread the Retaining Ring (4-6) to keep it from catching in either of the other two grooves in the Housing (4A-5) or (5A-5) as you slide the Sleeve (4A-6) or (5A-6) off of the Housing (4A-5) or

(5A-5). Take care to catch the Balls (4A-8) or (5A-8) in a container to prevent losing them as the Sleeve (4A-6) or (5A-6) releases them.

D. If Option 4 is being disassembled, the Teflon Seal (5A-9), contained within the Housing (4A-5) or (5A-5) need not be removed unless it is to be replaced due to observed leakage.

9.2 PRODUCT SELECTION SET

If the unit incorporated option C, Product Selection, it is not necessary to remove the Bolts (1-C) from the Collar (2-27) unless there is apparent damage to one of the Bolts (1-C) or the position desired is to be changed. Note that there are six potential positions, numbered 1 through 6. There are two other unmarked slots. The mating unit should have three studs or bolts protruding from it that match the three slots in which there are no bolts. The numbered position that has no bolt is the **set** position.

9.3 PRESSURE CONTROL ELBOW ASSEMBLY

Refer to Figures 1 & 3 to identify the part numbers. Lockwire is used on the Nuts (3-3) only on option D. Nuts (3-3) have holes for lock wire purposes at the option of the customer or furnished when option D is ordered. Remove the Lockwire if present, Nuts (3-3) and Washers (3-2). The Dust Cap (1-2) will be removed with these items also. Removal of the Collar Stop Assembly (1-31) will also be achieved. Set the Collar Stop Assembly (1-31) aside for now. Separate Coupler (1-5) from the Pressure Control Elbow Assy (1-1).

Proceed with the disassembly as follows:

A. Remove the 8-screws (on option 2) or 8-nuts and washers (on options 3 or 4) retaining the male half for the quick disconnect. Discard O-ring (4-22), (5-5) or (6-5) as appropriate.

B. Loosen Lock Nut (3-47) and remove Pressure Relief Adjusting Screw (3-48) and assembled parts, while containing and removing Pressure Relief Valve Spring (3-46).

C. Remove Lock Nut (3-49), Washer (3-50), Seal Retainer (3-51), O-rings (3-52 & 53), Pressure Relief Adjusting Screw (3-48) and Lock Nut (3-47) from Pressure Relief Shaft Assembly (3-54). There is no need to further disassemble Shaft Assembly (3-54) unless replacement of any parts is needed. If needed remove Pin (3-59) to gain

access to Washer (3-56), Spring (3-57), Shaft (3-55) and Slide (3-58).

D. Remove the fitting (or in case of Option F, the disconnect) installed in the fuel control port. Discard the O-ring (1-19). Remove Plug (3-35),

E. It is not necessary to remove Option Z Handle (1-Z) unless damaged and it needs replacing. In that case remove the attaching Screws (1-28) and Washers (1-29).

F. It is not necessary to remove the standard transverse Handle (1-30) unless damaged and it needs replacing. In that case remove the attaching Screws (13-3) and Washers (13-2). To replace Grips (13-6), remove Screws (13-4) and Washers (13-2).

G. Rotate Outer Piston (3-11) if necessary, to gain access to the four Screws (3-12). Screw (3-12) is a self-locking type screw that utilizes a nylon insert in the threads to affect the resistance required to provide the locking. They are designed to be reused several times before losing their locking effectively. Using a torque wrench, remove Screw (3-12) from the Housing (3-32), measuring the torque during removal. If the torque is less than 2 in-lbs (0.023-m kg) discard the screw and replace it with a new one during reassembly. Remove and discard O-ring (3-13). Grasp Piston Assembly (3-9A) and pull it from the outlet of the Unit. (On older units, SN 344 and lower, parts will come out as an assembly containing parts (3-9, 10, 11, 14A, 15, 16A, 19A & 20-24). There was no assembly number for this.

H. Pull out Connector Tube (3-25) with O-rings (3-26). Discard O-rings (3-26).

WARNING

Before proceeding further, beware that the Piston Assembly (3-9A) and the older assembly are heavily spring loaded and that a vise will be required to safely disassemble this part of the unit.

I. Either a vise or parallel woodworker's clamp is required to proceed further. Wood blocks should be used to secure the entire assembly such that axial compression is exerted, yet there is accessibility to both of the Nuts (3-9).

CAUTION

Be sure that the assembly is securely held in place and can not slip, allowing the unit to forcibly separate when the first Nut (3-9) is removed. Forcible separation may cause personal injury and will damage some parts beyond repair.

NOTE:

Be careful not to damage the sealing surfaces of the Outer Piston (3-11), Piston Shaft (3-21) or Inner Piston (3-24). Protect these sealing surfaces during and after disassembly. Damage to these surfaces will cause leakage and may cause regulator malfunction.

J. With the assembly securely clamped in place, carefully remove Nut (3-9) from the opposite end of the Outer Piston (3-11). Remove Washer (3-10).

K. Slowly open the clamping device, allowing internal spring force to cause the Inner Piston (3-24) to follow the clamp until all spring force is relieved. Then, carefully remove the clamp. Lift Inner Piston (3-24) from the piston

Spring (3-20) and remove the Spring (3-20). Remove O-ring (3-23) and Washer (3-22). Remove shaft (3-21) and the Outer Piston (3-11). Remove Screw (3-19B). Spring Guide (3-19) and Retainer (3-14) can then be removed.

Remove Shaft Seal (3-16) and O-ring (3-15) from Retainer (3-14). Discard seal and o-ring after removal.

L. Using two thin 3/8-24 UNF-2B nuts as jam nuts on the Shaft (3-21) at the opposite end to the Outer Piston (3-11), remove Nut (3-9) and Washer (3-10) retaining the Outer Piston (3-11). Remove Outer Piston (3-11) from Shaft (3-21).

M. Remove the six Screws (3-6), Seal Housing (3-4) and O-rings (3-5), (3-8) and Seal (3-7). Discard the O-rings and seal.

N. Remove Screws (3-27) and pull Housing (3-28) from main Housing (elbow) (3-32). Remove and discard Inner Piston Seals (3-31) and O-rings (3-31) from the internal grooves in Housing (3-28), being careful not to damage the surrounding surfaces of Housing (3-28). Remove and discard O-rings (3-29).

9.4 QUICK DISCONNECTS

9.4.1 OPTION "2 H-N & P, Q & S" STANDARD QD

The Thumb Latches utilized for locking the two halves together identify this option. Option "2" is the male half bolted onto the pressure control elbow. Options "H-Q" pertain to the female half of the Quick Disconnect and must be combined with option 2 to form a completed assembly. Option "X", Safety Lock Ring may or may not be present.

The Quick Disconnect is made up of two halves, the Male Adapter bolted to the Pressure Control Elbow Assembly and the Female Half attached to the hose. Refer to Figure 4.

A. Female Half - As mentioned earlier, unless repair or overhaul is necessary the Female Half need not be removed from the hose. There are two different female half QD's used with option "2", one for the 2-3" units and another for the 4" units.

2, 2½ and 3" Option "2" Units – Push and hold the Spring Retainer (4-3) toward the end opposite to the threaded end to expose Retaining Ring (4-2). Using a small blade screwdriver, carefully pry up one end of the ring and remove it. Release the spring load on the Spring Retainer (4-3) and remove it from the Body (4-1). Spring (4-4) can then be removed, followed by the Sleeve Assembly (4-6). The Balls (4-5) will fall out of the unit so it is suggested that this operation be conducted over a pan to catch the balls.

Check the Latches (4-8) to see that they function properly by depressing and releasing them several times. The latches shall return to the outward position easily without binding. Check the latches for missing parts. If needed, using a properly sized drift pin with proper bench support for the Sleeve Assembly (4-6), drive the Pin (4-7) out of the sleeve. Remove Spring (4-9) as well. Discard the Spring (4-9).

Remove and discard the O-ring (4-12) and the two internal Wear Rings (4-11) from Body (4-1).

4" Units – These units differ from the 2, 2½ and 3" ones in the method of spring retention. In place of the simple captured Retainer Ring (4-2) and spring Retainer (4-3) a two piece body is employed. Hence first remove 12 Screws (4-13) located inside the threaded end. Remove and discard O-ring (4-15) from groove in Body (4-1). The remainder of the disassembly is the same as for the 2½" units above.

B. Male Half – Remove the eight Screws (4-20) and Washers (4-21) to remove the Male Half from the Elbow Assembly. Remove and discard O-ring (4-22) from Adapter (4-18). Remove the Wire Race (4-19) to inspect for excessive wear in accordance with paragraph 5.5.C. Replace if necessary.

9.4.2 OPTION "3" MALE ADAPTER QD

This option is designed to mate with an existing Female QD utilized on the Carter 60700-1 Coupler. Refer to Figure 5.

A. Female Half – Remove the Lock Ring (5A-1) from the Housing (5A-5). Spread the Retaining Ring (5A-7) to keep it from catching in either of the other two grooves in the Housing (5A-5) as you slide the Sleeve (5A-6) off of the Housing (5A-5). Take care to catch the Balls (5A-8) in a container to prevent losing them as the Sleeve (5A-6) releases them.

B. Male Half – Loosen and remove Nuts (5-3) and Washers (5-4). Discard O-ring (5-5). Remove and discard O-ring (5-7). Remove the Wear Rings (5-2) to inspect for excessive wear in accordance with paragraph 5.5.C.

9.4.3 OPTION "4" MALE HALF ADAPTER QD

This option is designed to mate with an existing Female QD utilized on the Carter 60600 or 60600-1 Coupler. Refer to Figure 6.

A. Female Half – Remove the Lock Ring (6-1) from the Housing (6-5). Spread the Retaining Ring (6-7) to keep it from catching in either of the other two grooves in the Housing (6-5) as you slide the Sleeve (6-6) off of the Housing (6-5). Take care to catch the Balls (6-8) in a container to prevent losing them as the Sleeve (6-6) releases them. Remove and discard Seal (6-9) from housing.

B. Male Half – Loosen and remove Nuts (6A-3) and Washers (6A-4). Discard O-ring (6A-5). Remove the Wear Rings (6A-2) to inspect for excessive wear in accordance with paragraph 5.5.C.

9.5 PRE-DISASSEMBLY INSPECTION OF COUPLER LOWER HALF SUBASSEMBLY

It is recommended that Coupler Wear Gauge, part number 61362, be utilized prior to disassembly of the coupler. The wear gauge is designed to give a quick, convenient and accurate method of checking aggregate wear of all related parts in the coupler. The following instructions are provided to assist in utilizing the wear gauge:

A. **Installation** - Place the Wear Gauge into the inlet of the coupler with the pins of the gauge pointing toward the coupler inlet.

NOTE:

Be sure that the pins do not rest on the coupler Detent Pin (2-26).

Extend the Collar (2-27) to the locked-on position and open the Poppet (2-15). This must be done to simulate a coupler locked onto a hydrant valve.

NOTE:

This operation should be done with a catch basin under the coupler so as not to spill fuel trapped inside the coupler.

B. **Operation** - Once the Wear Gauge is in place, all four (4) gauge pins of the gauge should be above the

exposed gauge surface. Slowly rotate the Collar (2-27) while bearing on one side of the Collar (2-27). Note the position of the gauge pins as the rotation is accomplished. Should any one of the four pins become flush or receded below the gauge surface, the coupler exhibits excessive wear and should not be used again until overhauled. See note below. Pay particular attention to the detailed inspection of the Collar (2-27), Body (2-5), Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) and Lug Rings (2-32) during the following maintenance procedure.

NOTE:

Should only one pin (of the gauge) indicate wear, it is suggested that the gauge be removed and turned approximately one-fourth turn and the inspection be repeated. There may be a local indentation in the surface of the Body (2-5) on which the pin rests causing a false reading.

9.6 COUPLER

Refer to Figures 1 and 2 to identify the part numbers. Remove O-ring (2-10) and discard. Remove Bolt (2-6) and Washers (2-7 & 8) from Handle (2-1 or 1-B). Poppet (2-15) should be open for the following actions. Remove Handle (2-1) or Handle Assembly (1-B) and Woodruff Key (2-9).

9.6.1 COLLAR STOP ASSEMBLY (1-31)

Note how Torsion Spring (7-3) is installed to facilitate reassembly. Remove Cotter Pin (7-5). Push out Hinge Pin (7-4), separating Collar Stop (7-1), Torsion Spring (7-3) and Bracket (7-2). Spring should be replaced if it is distorted or weak.

9.6.2 Folding Handle Assembly (1-B) - **Do not disassemble the Folding Handle Assembly (1-B) unless one or more parts are damaged and require replacement. It is necessary that Spring (1-8) be replaced whenever the Folding Handle (1-B) is disassembled.**

Place the assembly in a small, soft-jawed vice so that the jaws grip the boss of the Handle Cam.

CAUTION:

Do not over tighten vise as this may collapse or damage handle cam.

Insert large blade screwdriver in clevis end of Pin (1-6). Rotate Pin (1-6) slightly in a counterclockwise direction to release torsion on Cotter Pin (1-7). Remove Cotter Pin (1-7).

CAUTION:

Maintain a restraining torque on Pin (1-6) with screwdriver to prevent spring's tendency to unwind following Cotter Pin (1-7) removal. Gradually release Spring (1-8) torsion by slowly allowing Pin (1-6) to rotate the inserted screwdriver until the Spring (1-8) torque has been relieved.

Remove Pin (1-6) by pressing on either end. With Pin (1-6) removed, Handle (1-11) and Spring (1-8) may be separated from Handle Cam (1-10).

9.6.3 COUPLER SUBASSEMBLY (1-5) - Disassemble Coupler Subassembly (1-5) as follows:

Remove Cotter Pin (2-11) and Washer (2-12) from Crank Shaft (2-20). Rotate Link (2-16) slightly and disengage Link (2-16) from Crank (2-20). Remove Bearing (2-13). Press

Poppet (2-15) and Link (2-16) far enough out of the coupler outlet end to remove Pin (2-14). Then withdraw Poppet (2-15) and Link (2-16) from opposite ends of the coupler.

It is not necessary to disassemble Poppet Assembly (2-15) unless a part of the unit is to be replaced or the unit is undergoing a major overhaul.

If disassembly of the Poppet Assembly (2-15) is required do so by removing the four Screws (2-15B). Remove these Screws (2-15B) using a torque wrench noting the running torque as they are removed. If the running torque is less than 6 in.-lbs. (6.9 kg-cm), discard the Screws (2-15B). Remove and discard O-ring (15D).

Remove Seal (2-17), O-ring (2-18) and Wave Washer (2-19).

Discard the O-ring (2-18).

Rotate the Crank Shaft (2-20) and press down so it enters cavity cast into Body (2-5), then tilt Crank Shaft (2-20) and remove it along with Bearing Washer (2-21). Remove Bearing Washer (2-21) from Crank Shaft (2-20).

Remove Bearing (2-22). Remove one Shaft Seal Bearing (2-24), O-ring (2-25), second Shaft Seal Bearing (2-24) and Shaft Bearing (2-23). Discard O-ring (2-25).

Depress Detent Pin (2-26) and pull Collar (2-27) with Bumper (2-28) to extended position. Remove Retainer Ring (2-29). Withdraw Collar (2-27) over opposite end of Body (2-5). Ball Bearing (2-30) will fall out. Locate and secure Ball Bearing (2-30). Do not remove Bumper (2-28) from Collar (2-27) unless it is to be replaced. If Bumper (2-28) requires replacement, use a sharp cutting tool to cut it away from Collar (2-27).

WARNING

Use extreme care to prevent personal injury while cutting Bumper (2-28) from Collar (2-27).

Remove four Lug Rings (2-32) each with four Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) attached from Body (2-5). Remove Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) from Lug Ring (2-32).

Insert a metal rod of 5/32 inch (3.9 mm) or smaller diameter in hole in Detent Pin (2-26) to prevent Detent Pin (2-26) from turning while unscrewing Bolt (2-34).

CAUTION:

Do not use pliers or other gripping tools to hold Detent Pin (2-26). Raised burrs on Detent Pin (2-26) may cause pin to jamb depressed, resulting in an unsafe condition that could result in a fuel spill.

Remove Bolt (2-34) and Washers (3-35 & 36). From opposite end, remove Detent Pin (2-26) and Detent Spring (2-31) from Body (2-5). Disassembly of the Coupler Subassembly (1-5) is completed.

9.7 PRESSURE CONTROL ELBOW

If the unit is SN 344 or earlier it will be necessary to update several parts to accept the new Shaft Seal (3-16). Replace the piston assembly with Piston Assembly (3-9A) by procuring KD64800-8. Thereafter the shaft seal can be replaced as an individual part.

9.8 60532 CARRIAGE ASSY

Refer to Figure 8.

The Carriage Assy (1-W) should be removed from the unit before any work is performed on it.

CAUTION!

When operating the Carriage Assembly do not place hands onto any part of the unit except the Lever (8-10). Improper operation can result in injury to the hands.

NOTE

The 64802 utilizes the existing hardware to install the Carriage Assembly, no different bolts or nuts are required. Note that couplers using either options 3 or 4 disconnects must use 60532C Carriage. This unit has integral spacers on the flange to remove interference with the female half of the disconnect.

If an existing Carriage Assembly from either a 60700-1 or a 60600 Type Coupler is to be used on a 64802, contact Carter for instructions prior to trying to assemble.

To remove Carriage Assembly (1-W) from the unit remove only Nuts (3-3) and Washers (3-2) that retain it to the unit. To disassemble the carriage, remove Nuts (8-1), Washers (8-2) and Casters (8-3). Remove one Screw (8-4), Washer (8-5) and Washer (8-6). Set feet of Strut (8-16) into a soft jawed vise and hold securely. Grasp Spring (8-8) with a pair of vise grips or other suitable tool to hold it in place pulls the Shaft (8-7) from the Strut (8-16). Items (8-9) through (8-12) will then be loose. The other Washers (8-6) will also be loose. There is no need to remove the other Screw (8-4) and Washer (8-5) from the Shaft (8-7) unless one of the parts is to be disassembled. Remove Cotter (8-14) and Clevis (8-15) to disassemble Latch (8-13).

10.0 INSPECTION AND REPAIR

10.1 GENERAL

Inspect all metal parts for cracks, nicks, gouges, scratches, corrosion, etc. Special attention should be given to the Body (2-5) in the window areas that contain the Lugs (2-33, 2-33A). Weld repair in the area is not recommended due to potential distortion of the Body (2-5) which could cause the Collar (2-27) not to slide freely on the Body (2-5). Inspect all parts for stripped or crossed threads and loose inserts.

10.2 COLLAR STOP ASSEMBLY (1-31)

Inspect Torsion Spring (7-3) for distortion. Free ends of Spring (7-3) shall be in proper position and actuate Collar Stop (7-1) without evidence of sticking or binding. Inspect Collar Stop Assembly (1-31) for damage sufficient to prevent proper operation paying particular attention to Bracket (7-2).

10.3 COUPLER SUBASSEMBLY (1-5)

Precisely measure the following wear surfaces. Discard and replace those parts that fail this inspection:

A. Pin (2-14) - Inspect bearing diameter for indications of galling, raised metal, etc. Replace pin if local wear results in low spots exceeding 0.005 inches (0.12 mm) below adjacent surfaces.

B. Link (2-16) - Place Link (2-16) on straight edge or surface plate and inspect for flatness. Replace Link (2-16) if bent. Measure longest dimensions of both holes in Link (2-16). Replace if longest dimension of the smaller hole exceeds 0.382 inch (9.70 mm) and larger hole exceeds 0.505 inch (12.83 mm).

C. Dust Cap (1-2) - Inspect for continued serviceability. Replace if required.

D. Bearing (2-13) - Measure outside diameter and inside diameter of Bearing (2-13). The outside diameter should not be less than 0.494 inch (12.55 mm) in the smallest dimension. The inside diameter should not be greater than 0.390 inch (9.91 mm) in the largest dimension. Replace Bearing (2-13) if either of these dimensions is exceeded.

NOTE:

This bearing was originally (for over 25 years) made of stainless steel. After evaluating complaints about its short life, the material was changed to a better bearing material, cast iron which has been dry-film lubricated. It is dark gray in color compared to a shiny stainless steel. This bearing will not perform its intended function if the Crank (2-20) is worn beyond the limits noted in the following paragraph. On a worn out crank, the bearing will become unsupported and crack quickly.

E. Crank (2-20) - Measure the diameter of the protrusion on the Crank (2-20) that mates with the Bearing (2-13). The diameter of the protrusion shall not be less than 0.365 inch (9.271 mm). Excessive wear of the protrusion will cause failure of the Bearing (2-13) as noted above. In addition, wear of the crank will increase the side load on the Poppet (2-15) or Shaft (2-15E) which result in catastrophic galling of the shaft and the shaft support in Body (2-5).

F. Poppet (2-15C) and Shaft (2-15 E) - Inspect sealing surface for nicks, scratches, or gouges that will cause leakage. Polishing with abrasive cloth, 300 grid or finer may repair minor scratches. Measure Shaft (2-15E) through-hole largest diameter. Replace Poppet (2-15) or Shaft (2-15E) if through-hole largest diameter exceeds 0.382 inch (9.70 mm).

G. Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) - Measure diameter of hole through all 16 lugs. Reject all lugs with hole dimension greater than 0.163 inch (5.15 mm) in any direction. Use a new Lug (2-33, 2-33A) as a template. Compare each Lug (2-33, 2-33A) to the new Lug (2-33, 2-33A). Reject all lugs with local wear exceeding 0.030 inch (0.76 mm) by comparison to the new Lug (2-33, 2-33A). Carefully inspect all remaining Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) for cracks or other damage.

CAUTION:

Lug (2-33, 2-33A) failure can result in the coupler being ejected from the mating adapter. Replace any Lug (2-33, 2-33A) that is questionable.

H. Detent Pin (2-26) - Inspect diameter of end closest to Spring (2-31), annulus and 25° angle cam surface of pin for excess wear. Replace Detent Pin (2-26) with local wear in excess of 0.005 inch (0.125 mm) deep. Hint - It may be possible to prolong the life of the pin by rotating the pin such that any visible wear is not presented toward the Ball (2-30).

I. Lug Rings (2-32) - Inspect the four Lug Rings (2-32) for local wear. Replace rings where local wear has reduced local wire diameter below 0.149 inch (3.78 mm).

J. Ball Bearing (2-30) - Inspect Ball Bearing (2-30) for local wear or flat spots. Replace if any flat spots are observed.

K. Wave Washer (2-19) - Carefully inspect the Wave Washer (2-19) for cracks. Replace cracked Wave Washer (2-19). Check part to paragraph 5.5H, Figure B.

L. Collar (2-27) - Inspect the 0.335 inch (9.5 mm) wide shoulder, located on the collar's inside diameter 1.36 inches (35.5 mm) from the collar's connection end, for local depressions in excess of 0.08 inch (2.0 mm) wide and 0.010 inch (0.25 mm) deep. Replace Collar (2-27) if any are found. The inside diameter of the Collar (2-27) that rubs against the outer diameter of the Body (2-5) will also wear. The amount of allowable wear of both parts together is checked by the use of the Wear Gauge, 61362. his allowable wear will be checked on a post assembly check using the Wear Gauge.

M. Body (2-5) - Inspect Body (2-5) for excessive wear, abrasions, gouges, cracks, etc. Pay particular attention to the area around the windows in which the Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) fit. If this area is cracked, replace the Body (2-5). Determine that the two pins shown in Figure 2 are in place. These pins are used to prevent rotation of the Lug Rings (2-32).

CAUTION:

If the pins are missing, rotation of the Lug Rings (2-32) will cause Lugs (3-33) to drop out and can cause a coupler disconnect.

The outer diameter of the Body (2-5) that rubs against the Collar (2-27) will also wear. The amount of allowable wear of both parts together is checked by the use of the Wear Gauge, 61362. This allowable wear will be checked on a post assembly check using the Wear Gauge.

N. Rigid Operating Handle (2-1) - Inspect the round surface of the Handle (2-1) and the adjacent surface of the Collar (2-27) that acts as the interlock for cracks, being bent, worn, etc. Replace damaged handle or Collar (2-27).

O. Folding Handle Assembly (1-B) - Inspect the round surface of the Handle Cam (1-10) and the adjacent surface of the Collar (2-27) that acts as the interlock for cracks, being bent, worn, etc. Replace damaged handle or Collar (2-27).

10.4 Quick Disconnect Assembly used with Option 2.

A. Balls (4-5) - Inspect the 24 Balls (4-5) for chips, flat spots, excess wear, etc. Replace as required.

B. Sleeve Assy (4-10) - Inspect inside of Sleeve Assy (4-10) for indication of brinelling or ball indentations at intersection of tapered surface with the constant inside diameter at ball lock area as well as for cracks, excessive abrasions or other damage. Replace if damaged or worn as described. Accurately measure the minor diameter of the Sleeve Assy (4-10). If the diameter measures greater than 4.293" (109.04 mm) replace it.

C. On the Male Half – check entrance diameter that mates the Female Half for damage or scratches, especially if leakage at the joint has been noted. If damaged, replace the part.

10.5 Quick Disconnect Assembly used with Options 3 & 4.

A. Refer to SM60700-1 or SM60600 for instructions on inspection of the female halves of these disconnects.

B. On the Male Half for Option 4 (mates 60600 type coupler), check outer diameter that mates Teflon seal for damage of any kind that will cause the seal to leak. Replace part if scratches are present that may have caused the joint to leak.

10.6 PRODUCT SELECTION (If included) - Inspect the Coupler Subassembly (1-5) to assure the correct number of Product Selection Bolts (1-C) are utilized (five) and that they are placed in the correct positions. The outer head of the bolts should be flush to 0.03 inch (0.76 mm) below the adjacent Collar (2-27) surface.

10.7 CARRIAGE ASSY (1-W)

Inspect all parts, for cracks, especially in the Strut (8-16), Casters (8-3) for excessive wear that will make rolling difficult, and the contact surfaces of the Latch (8-13) and Lever (8-10).

CAUTION:

When operating the Carriage Assembly do not place hands onto any part of the unit except the Lever (8-10). Improper operation can result in injury to the hands.

Using a new Latch (8-13) as a guide, compare the contour of the new one to the one disassembled from the unit. If there is wear in excess of .030 inch (0.76 mm) it should be replaced.

Measure the distance on the Flange (8-9) between the centerline of the hole for the Shaft (8-7) to the surface that makes contact with the Latch (8-13). The dimension shall not exceed 1.04 inch (26.42 mm). The hole in the Flange (8-9) shall not be larger than 0.544 (13.818 mm).

Measure the Clevis Pin (8-15) diameter. It shall not be less than 0.370 inch (9.398 mm) in the area where the Latch (8-13) makes contact.

Measure the hole in the Latch (8-13). It shall not exceed 0.386 inch (9.804 mm).

Measure the diameter of the Shaft (8-7). It shall not be less than 0.485 inch (12.319 mm).

10.8 PRESSURE CONTROL ELBOW ASSEMBLY

Inspect all parts, especially sealing and seat surfaces, for scratches, nicks or gouges that can be causes for leakage or for operation problems. Clean all parts prior to reassembly. Check the Housing (3-32) for excessive external wear that could lead to structural failure of the unit. On all parts except Inner Piston (3-24) and Outer Piston (3-11), use 320 grit paper to smooth and remove sharp edges. The outer diameters of both the Inner Piston (3-24) and the Outer Piston (3-11) can be polished to remove minor scratches by using a very fine emery cloth while the parts are rotated. **Do not** polish local areas of these diameters. By using the Shaft (3-21) as a fixture, both pistons can be installed in a portable drill held in a vise to achieve rotation. **Do not** break through the hard anodize surface of the part. If scratches are too pronounced, the parts should be replaced. Replace any part with damage exceeding 15% of local wall thickness.

Nuts (3-9) are self-locking types and their locking capability should be checked. Tighten them onto the Shaft (3-21) without the use of a wrench. The resistance to installation should make it impossible to install the nut fully onto the Shaft (3-21). If there is no resistance to installation, the Nuts (3-9) should not be reused.

10.9 GENERAL REPAIR

A. Remove corrosion and minor damage from metal parts by polishing with abrasive cloth, 300 grid or finer. Apply chemical film (alodine 1200 or equivalent) to bared aluminum surfaces.

B. Cleaning – Clean all parts with clean solvent or fuel, using soft bristle brush and lint-free cloth. Air dry.

WARNING:

Use solvent or fuel in safe, well ventilated area only.

10.10 REPLACEMENT

A. General – Replace all parts found damaged beyond repair or found excessively worn during inspections above.

B. Recommended Replacements – Carter recommends that the following parts, if present, be replaced at each overhaul regardless of condition:

Item No.	Part No.	Description	Used On
1-8*	29179	Spring	Option B – Folding Handle Assy (1-B) (Only if the item is disassembled).
1-19	MS29512-04	Gasket	Options F
2-10	MS29513-249	O-ring	Coupler Assy (1-5)
2-11	202010	Cotter Pin	Coupler Assy (1-5)
2-15D	MS29513-037	O-ring	Coupler Assy (1-5)
2-17	28755	Nose Seal	Coupler Assy (1-5)
2-18	209837-347	O-ring	Coupler Assy (1-5)
2-21	200103	Bearing Washer	Coupler Assy (1-5)
2-22	203563	Bearing	Coupler Assy (1-5)
2-23	29221	Bearing	Coupler Assy (1-5)
2-24	29216	Bearing	Coupler Assy (1-5)
2-25	MS29513-212	O-ring	Coupler Assy (1-5)
3-5	MS29513-042	O-ring	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-7	220665	Seal	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-8	MS29513-151	O-ring	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)

Item No.	Part No.	Description	Used On
3-13	MS29513-008	O-ring	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-15	203565	O-ring	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-16	221595**	Seal	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-17	MS29513-038	O-ring	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-18	201201-231	O-ring	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-23	MS29513-012	O-ring	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-26	MS29513-006	O-ring	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-29	MS29513-134	O-ring	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-30	MS29513-129	O-ring	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-31	200758	Seal	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-36	MS29512-04	Gasket	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-52	M83248/2-008	O-ring	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
3-53	MS29513-011	O-ring	Pressure Control Assy (1-1)
4-11	220872	Wear Ring	All Option "2" QD (Figure 4)
4-12	MS29513-341	O-ring	All Option "2" QD (Figure 4)
4-15	MS29513-045	O-ring	Options 2N & P only. (Figure 4)
4-22	MS29513-041	O-ring	All Option "2" QD (Figure 4),
5-5	MS29513-041	O-ring	Option "3" QD (Figure 5)
5-7	201201-348	O-ring	Option "3" only. (Figure 5)
6A-5	MS29513-041	O-ring	Option "4" QD (Figure 6A)
6-9	220552	Seal	Option 4L, 4M, 4N, 4P (Figure 6)

* Replace only if the Folding Handle Assy (1-B) has been disassembled.

** See Note 5 in Section 14.0 if this seal is to be replaced to assure the correct one is used.

11.0 REASSEMBLY

11.1 GENERAL

Assembly is accomplished in essentially the reverse order of disassembly. The following paragraphs cover assembly of the major components, followed by final assembly of the complete Unit.

11.2 COLLAR STOP ASSEMBLY (1-31)

A. Insert Pin (7-5) through Bracket (7-2), Collar Stop (7-1) and Torsion Spring (7-3). Position free ends of the Torsion Spring (7-3) as shown in Figure 7.

B. Install Cotter Pin (7-5).

C. Check that the Collar Stop (7-1) moves under pressure of the Torsion Spring (7-3) without sticking or binding.

11.3 FOLDING HANDLE ASSEMBLY (OPTION B) (1-B)

Replace Spring (1-8) each time the handle is disassembled. Assemble the Handle (1-B) as follows:

A. Place the Cam (1-10) in small, soft-jawed vise.

CAUTION:

Do not over tighten vise and collapse or damage handle Cam (1-10).

B. Position new Spring (1-8) in clevis of Handle (1-11) and place both between clevis of Handle Cam (1-10). Note the orientation of the flat and slotted end on the Pin (1-6) in Figure 1 to assure correct reassembly. Insert Pin (1-6) through holes in Handle Cam (1-10) and Handle (1-11) and with end of Spring (1-8) hole over Pin (1-6) and balance of Spring (1-8) passing under Pin (1-6) and over Handle (1-11).

C. Fasten end of Spring (1-8) to Pin with pan head Screw (1-9).

D. Insert large blade screwdriver in clevis end of Pin (1-6) and wind Spring (1-8) in a counterclockwise direction.

E. When Spring (1-8) is wound, insert Cotter Pin (1-7) to lock Pin (1-6). Operate Handle Assembly (1-B) to fully unfolded position while inspecting the following:

1. Clearance between Spring (1-8) and adjacent face of Handle Cam (1-10) should occur throughout travel.
2. Clevis ends of Handle (1-11) should bottom on face of Handle Cam (1-10) with Handle Assembly (1-B) in extreme extended condition.

11.4 COUPLER SUBASSEMBLY (1-5)

Replace all parts found defective in the inspections noted above with new or serviceable parts. Replace all parts specified in paragraph 10.9 with new parts. Lightly lubricate all O-rings and threaded parts with petroleum jelly (Vaseline or equivalent).

A. If a new Bumper (2-28) is being utilized it is suggested that the Bumper (2-28) be heated to 150° - 160° (32° - 71° C) to soften it to make assembly to the Collar (2-27) easier. This can be accomplished in either an oven or in hot water, however, use caution.

CAUTION:

Do not overheat Bumper (2-28) or it will melt!

B. Assemble four (4) Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) to each of four (4) Lug Rings (2-32). Assemble the four Lug Rings (2-32) with Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) installed in groove in Body (2-5) so Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) mate with slots in Body (2-5). The end of one Lug Ring (2-32) should be positioned against the spiral pin pressed into Body (2-5) (See Detail on Figure 2). This pin is there to prevent the Lug Rings

(2-32) from gradually rotating around during use and allowing the Lugs (2-33, 2-33A) to become dislodged.

C. Slide Collar (2-27) (with Bumper (2-28) attached) over Body (2-5) from the outlet end, capturing Lug Rings (2-32) and Lugs (2-33, 2-33A). Install large Retaining Ring (2-29) into groove in Body (2-5).

D. Lay unit thus far assembled on its side with Detent Pin (2-26) hole in bottom location. Slide Collar (2-27) all the way forward against the Retaining Ring (2-29). Insert Ball Bearing (2-30) into Detent Pin (2-26) hole, making certain that it drops into the hole in the Body (2-5). Slide Collar (2-27) all the way back. Assemble Detent Spring (2-31) to Detent Pin (2-26). Place hardened rod of 5/32 inch (3.9 mm) or smaller diameter through hole at forward end of Detent Pin (2-26) and insert Detent Pin (2-26) and Spring (2-31) in hole in Body (2-5). Depress Detent Pin (2-26) as far as possible and while holding Detent Pin (2-26) depressed, slide Collar (2-27) all the way forward. Holding the hardened rod through the Detent Pin (2-26) to prevent turning, assemble the Detent Pin (2-26) to the Body (2-5) by installing Washers (3-35 & 36) and Bolt (2-34). Washer (2-35), the one with the smallest outside diameter, should be adjacent to the head of the Bolt. Remove hardened rod after Bolt (2-34) is tightened.

E. Install Bearing (2-22) into crank shaft bore from inside of Body (2-5). Install Shaft Bearing (2-23) into crank shaft bore from outside of Body (2-5). Place Bearing Washer (2-21) over Crank Shaft (2-20) and insert Crank Shaft (2-20) through bearings

F. Assemble one shaft seal Bearing (2-24), O-ring (2-25) and second shaft seal Bearing (2-24) over Crank Shaft (2-20) from the outside and press these parts into the Body (2-5), exerting care that the O-ring (2-25) is not pinched.

G. Position Wave Washer (2-19) into Body (2-5) bore. Assemble O-ring (2-18) over Seal (2-17) and press into Body (2-5) bore, capturing Wave Washer (2-19) and being careful that O-ring (2-18) is not pinched.

H. If Poppet (2-15) was disassembled, reassemble at this time. Install O-ring (2-15D) into the groove in Shaft (2-15E) or (2-15G). Assemble Poppet (2-15C) onto part and retain with the four Screws (2-15B). Torque Screws to 10 ± 1 in.-lbs. (138 kg-cm) noting the running torque before tightening. If the running torque is under 6 in.-lbs. (6.9 kg.-cm.) replace Screws (2-15B) with new ones.

I. Insert Link (2-16) into Body (2-5) bore so Link (2-16) bump is in the bore's longest slot. Secure Poppet (2-15) to Link (2-16) with Pin (2-14) and press back into bore so Pin (2-14) is captured.

J. Slightly turn and work the largest hole in the Link (2-16) over lug of Crank Shaft (2-20). Place Bearing (2-13) through Link (2-16) and onto lug of Crank Shaft (2-20). Position Washer (2-12) over Bearing (2-13). Fasten Link (2-16) to Crank Shaft (2-20) with Cotter Pin (2-11).

NOTE:

The use of a standard headed cotter pin in lieu of the correct part number specified will present a problem when the Coupler Subassembly (1-5) is utilized as a part of Pressure Control Coupler 64802.

K. A post-assembly check using the Wear Gauge, 61362, is necessary to determine if the collective wear between the Collar (2-27) and Body (2-5) is less than allowable. Repeat the gauge check described in paragraph 9.5. It will be necessary to install the

Woodruff Key (2-9) and the Handle (2-1 or 1-B) loosely to actuate the unit to the open position.

If the unit fails the gauge check, it will be necessary to disassemble the unit sufficiently to replace the Collar (2-27). If after the Collar (2-27) has been replaced and the unit still fails the gauge check, it will be necessary to replace the Body (2-5).

L. Install Woodruff Key (2-9) and Handle (2-1 or 1-B) onto Crank Shaft (2-20). Fasten Handle (2-1 or 1-B) with Washer (2-8), Lock Washer (2-7) and Bolt (2-6). Torque Bolt (2-6) to 90 ± 10 inch pounds (104 ± 12 kg-cm).

11.5 PRESSURE CONTROL ELBOW ASSEMBLY (1-1)

11.5.1 Assembly

Replace all parts found defective in the inspection of paragraph 10.7. Replace all parts specified in paragraph 10.9 with new parts. Lightly lubricate all O-rings and threaded parts with petroleum jelly (Vaseline or equivalent). Refer to Figure 3 and proceed as follows:

A. O-rings (3-31) should be placed into the grooves in the Housing (3-28). The Inner Piston Seals (3-32) will be installed with the seal "legs" pointing in opposite directions as noted in Figure 11. Note that this may be contrary to previous instructions on this or other similar product but it has been found that although more difficult to install the effect is a better seal. The "flange leg" of the Seal (3-31) must be inserted fully into the Housing (3-28) groove. Smooth the combination of the Seal (3-31) and O-ring (3-30) with a finger to assure that they are installed completely into the groove.

B. It is recommended that seal "run-in" tool, AF42208-1 shown Figure 14, is used to condition the Seals (3-32) after installation. The tool can be procured through your Carter distributor. The tool can be used with a hand drill to accomplish the run-in task as follows:

1. With the run-in tool attached to a hand drill, carefully insert the tool into the first Inner Piston Seal (3-31) and using a low speed, push the tool into the unit until the piston passes through the second Inner Piston Seal (3-31). The tool should be kept such that the piston portion of the tool makes contact only with the Seals (3-32) in the Housing (3-32) and does not make metal to metal contact.
2. Carefully move the tool axially over a stroke of about 0.50 inch (12.7 mm) in and out maintaining contact with both Seals (3-32) for about one minute. The speed of the drill should be maintained at a low to medium RPM.
3. Remove the tool.

C. Place O-rings (3-26) onto Tube (3-25) and lubricate thoroughly. Insert one end of this assembly into Housing (3-28) until seated.

D. Install O-ring (3-5) into groove on Seal Housing (3-4). Install Seal (3-7) with shoulder of flanged end into groove in Seal Housing (3-4) and O-ring (3-4) between the thin lip of Seal (3-7) and the Seal Housing (3-4).

E. Secure Seal Housing (3-4) into main Housing (3-32) with Screws (3-6).

F. Place Outer Piston (3-11) onto the appropriate end of Shaft (3-21). Hold loosely in place with Washer (3-10) and Nut (3-9). Use two thin 3/8-24-UNF-2B nuts as jam nuts at opposite end of Shaft (3-21) while torquing

Nut (3-9) to 195 - 205 inch pounds (225 - 236 kg-cm). Remove the jam nuts.

G. Install O-ring (3-15) and piston shaft Seal (3-16) into the bore in the Retainer (3-14) with the Seal (3-16) shoulder towards the inside of the Retainer (3-14). (On older units, the end opposite the flanged end will have a tapered end that is split. It is designed to be snapped into place for retention.) Slide seat Retainer (3-14) onto the long end of Shaft (3-21). Reinstall the six Screws (19B) to retain the seal. Slide spring Guide (3-19) onto piston Shaft (3-21) with the shoulder of the Guide (3-19) toward the shaft's Outer Piston (3-11) end. Slide the Spring (3-20) over Guide (3-19). Place O-ring (3-23) into groove in the inside of the Inner Piston (3-24). Use sufficient petrolatum to hold the O-ring (3-23) in place during the final assembly. Place the Washer (3-22) on the free end of the Spring (3-20). Use a parallel bar wood worker's clamp to compress the assembly and hold it compressed.

CAUTION:

Be very careful to properly center the slots in the clamp tips and to adjust the two clamp screws evenly so the bars remain essentially parallel while compressing the spring. The piston Spring (3-20) force is between 50 and 55 lbs. when the Shaft (3-21) has entered Inner Piston (3-24) and the Inner Piston (3-24) is bottomed on Washer (3-22).

Install second Washer (3-10). Install second self locking Nut (3-9) and torque to 195 - 205 inch pounds (225 - 236 kg-cm) while holding the other self locking Nut (3-9) with an open end wrench to react the torque.

H. Remove the assembly from the clamp. Place four Washers (3-13) and Screws (3-12) in the piston seat Retainer (3-14).

I. Grasp this assembly by Outer Piston (3-11) struts and carefully insert into Housing (3-32) through the outlet until Outer Piston (3-11) has entered outer piston Seal (3-7) and the piston seat Retainer (3-14) has begun to enter the Housing (3-32) pilot diameter.

NOTE:

Inspect Retainer (3-14) to determine the location of the Connector Tube (3-25) which is the relief valve hole. Rotate the Retainer (3-14) if necessary so that the Tube (3-25) lines up with the recess in Housing (3-32) which is in the quadrant toward the Housing (3-32) inlet. Once aligned properly continue to press entry of the Retainer (3-14) to seat the O-ring (3-25) on the tube.

J. Tighten four Screws (3-12) with the four O-rings (3-13) securing Retainer (3-14) to Housing (3-32). Torque to 19 ± 2 inch lbs. ($21.9 + 2$ kg-cm).

K. Place Gasket (3-36) onto Plug (3-35) and install Plug (3-35).

L. Place Spring (3-57) over Spring Slide (3-58). Compress Spring (3-57) with Washer (3-56) until slot in Slide (3-58) is visible above the Washer (3-56). Insert Shaft (3-55) into center hole of assembled parts until the hole in the Shaft (3-55) can be aligned with the slot in Slide (3-58). Insert Pin (3-59) through Slide (3-58) and Shaft (3-55) and release the Spring (3-57) to arrive at Shaft Assy (3-54). Assemble locking Nut (3-47) and O-ring (3-53) to pressure relief adjusting Screw (3-48). Slide Screw (3-48) over pressure relief Shaft Assembly (3-54). Assemble O-ring (3-52) to seal Retainer (3-51)

and slide seal Retainer (3-51) over Shaft Assembly (3-54) until it bottoms on the shaft shoulder. Hold the pressure relief Shaft Assembly (3-54) in one hand and install Washer (3-50) and self-locking Nut (3-49). Do not tighten Nut (3-49) at this time.

M. Place Spring (3-46) over pilot of seal Retainer (3-51) and insert in the hole in the Housing (3-32) inlet. With the locking Nut (3-47) loose, tighten pressure relief adjusting Screw (3-48). Adjust the screw until the sum of a depth micrometer measurement from the head of the Shaft Assembly (3-54) to a parallel bar placed across the Housing (3-32) inlet plus the parallel bar thickness is 1.725 - 1.755 inches (43.8 - 44.6 mm). Then tighten locking Nut (3-47) to 230 - 250 inch pounds (265 - 288 kg-cm).

Example: If parallel bar is measured and found to be exactly 0.500 inch (12.7 mm), then depth micrometer reading should be 1.225 - 1.255 inch (31.1 - 31.9 mm) when relief valve adjustment is within the required limits.

11.5.2 Preliminary Functional Test

True proof pressure, functional and leakage tests are conducted in conjunction with test of the complete coupler, paragraph 12.0. It is well to conduct several tests at this stage of assembly however, before additional assembly labor is expended.

A. Hold the assembly in the hands and place the end of the pressure Relief Shaft Assembly (3-54) against a flat, sturdy surface. Press with enough force to compress the relief valve spring (opening the relief valve) and release (allowing the relief valve to close) several times. Then recheck the relief valve adjustment measurement as described in step P of paragraph 11.5.1. The relief valve adjustment should not change and the relief valve should not stick open.

B. Apply and relieve 60 psig air pressure to the fuel port several times. The Outer Piston (3-11) should open fully with each pressure application and fully close as pressure is relieved. There should be no indication of stickiness or hang-up in either direction.

11.6 Female Half Quick Disconnect (1-H, K-N, P, Q & S)

For use with Option "2" – (See Figure 4)

A. Male Half – Replace O-ring (4-22) onto Adapter (4-18). If removed, replace Wire Race (4-19) in the grooves on Adapter (4-18). Install Male Half onto Housing (3-32) using the eight Screws (4-20) and Washers (4-21). Torque to 90 ± 10 in-lbs. (104 ± 12 kg-cm).

B. Female Half – If removed replace the Stop Pin (4-7) and Latches (4-8) and Springs (4-9). One of the holes, for the Pin (4-7), is larger than the other to allow easier installation. Push the Pin (4-7) into the larger hole and into one leg of the Latch (4-8). Push the Spring (4-9) under the Latch (4-8), with the open ends of the Spring (4-9) against the Sleeve (4-10), until the Pin (4-7) can be inserted into the coil diameter and on into the other hole of the Latch (4-8). Locate the other hole in the Sleeve Assy (4-6) and drive the Pin into it for approximately 0.25 (6.35 mm). After replacement actuate them to check for binding.

On some early Option 2Q, the 2" NPT inlet was achieved by inserting a bushing into the standard 2 1/2" thread. If necessary on these units replace Bushing (4-23).

On 2, 2 1/2 and 3" units – When installing the Sleeve Assy (4-6), Spring (4-4) and Balls (4-5) it is recommended that the balls be coated with petroleum jelly to retain them in the holes in the Body (4-1). Place

Balls into Body (4-1) and slide Sleeve Assembly (4-6) onto Body (4-1) to retain Balls (4-5). Place Spring (4-4) into Sleeve Assembly (4-6) and over Body (4-1). Depress Spring (4-4) with Spring Retainer (4-3) to expose the groove in Body (4-1). Insert Retainer Ring (4-2) into groove and release Spring Retainer (4-3) to capture Ring (4-2). Check locking action of Latches (4-8) by depressing both together and sliding Sleeve Assembly (4-6) toward the threaded end of the Body (4-1). If the latches are not depressed the sleeve assembly should not be capable of being moved to the open position.

Carefully overlap the ends of the Wear Rings (4-11) and replace both in the groove in the Body (4-1) with O-ring (4-12) assembled between the rings.

On the 4" units – Follow the same procedure as above except after placing the Spring (4-4) over the Body (4-16) retain the entire assembly using the Fitting (4-14). First place O-ring (4-15) in the groove in the Body (4-16). Secure the fitting with the 12 Screws (4-13).

11.16.2 Information on the female portion of the quick disconnects used on options "3" & "4" is available in either SM60700-1 or SM60600. These parts are not provided as a part (option) to the 64802 Coupler. Replace all parts found defective in the inspection procedures above.

11.7 MALE HALF QUICK DISCONNECTS - OPTIONS 2-4

Replace all parts found defective in the inspection procedures above.

11.7.1 Option "2" – See Figure 4

Replace, if removed, Wire Race (4-19) in the grooves in the Adapter (4-18). It is recommended that the split in the rings not line up when final assembly is completed. Replace O-ring (4-22) onto the shoulder end of the part. It is now ready for final assembly covered later in this manual.

11.7.2 Option "3" – See Figure 5

Replace, if removed, Wire Race (5-2) in the grooves in the Adapter (5-1). It is recommended that the split in the rings not line up when final assembly is completed. Replace O-ring (5-5) onto the shoulder end of the part and O-ring (5-7) onto Adapter (5-1). It is now ready for final assembly covered later in this manual.

11.7.3 Option "4" – See Figure 6

Replace, if removed, Wire Race (6-2) in the grooves in the Adapter (6-1). It is recommended that the split in the rings not line up when final assembly is completed. Place O-ring (6-5) onto shoulder of Adapter (6-1). It is ready for final assembly.

11.8 CARRIAGE ASSY (1-W)

Place the feet of the Strut (8-16) in a soft jawed vise to hold it firmly with the feet flat on the work bench. Install Latch (8-13), Clevis Pin (8-15), Washers (8-12) and Cotter Pin (8-14) into Strut (8-16). Install one Screw (8-4) and Washer (8-5) onto Shaft (8-7). Place two Washers (8-6) onto Shaft (8-7) and then place Shaft (8-7) through one hole of the Flange (8-9) and Lever (8-10). Place another Washer (8-6) between the Lever (8-10) and Strut (8-16). Place this sub-assembly into position with the

Strut (8-16) and the Spring (8-8). The straight tang of the Spring (8-8) is to be placed in the hole in the Strut (8-16).

CAUTION!

Be very careful during the next phase of the assembly. The Spring (8-8) is very strongly loaded and could cause injury if not controlled properly.

Grasp the Spring (8-8) with a pair of battery pliers (channel locks) with the straight tang toward the left. Using a pair of vise grips in the right hand grasp the spring and rotate the spring until the bent tang is approximately into position under the Flange (8-9). Holding the Spring (8-8) with the vise grips, push the Shaft (8-7) through the Spring (8-8) to engage the other hole of the Strut (8-16) and on through the other parts. Note that one Washer (8-6) should be placed between the Strut (8-16) and Lever (8-10) and between the Lever (8-10). Install two Washers (8-6) onto Shaft (8-7). Fasten in place with the other Screw (8-4) and Washer (8-5).

Install Spring (8-11) and Washer (8-12) into recess in Strut (8-16).

FINAL CAUTION!

If Carriage Assy (1-W) is latched when it is not attached to the unit, unlatching may cause serious injury. Be very careful in unlatching the Carriage Assy (1-W) in this position.

11.9 FINAL ASSEMBLY

Verify that the Coupler Subassembly (1-5), the Female Half Quick Disconnect (1-K-N, P & Q), Elbow Assembly (1-1) and the Collar Stop Assembly (1-31) have been overhauled and reassembled.

A. Assemble O-ring (2-10) onto the outlet of the Coupler (1-5).

B. Assemble Pressure Control Elbow Assembly (1-1) to Coupler Assembly (1-5) while being careful that the O-ring (2-10) is not pinched. Fasten, along with Collar Stop Assembly (1-31), using six Nuts (3-3), Washers (3-2) and tab of Dust Cap (1-2) beneath one Nut (3-3). Place Collar Stop Assembly (1-31) under two Nuts (3-3) as shown in Figure 9. Lockwire Nuts (3-3) if desired using Lockwire (1-D).

C. Options 3 or 4 - Install the Female Half Quick Disconnect (hose half) to the Male Half (part of the Elbow Assembly (1-1). Refer to SM60700-1 or 60600 as appropriate for instructions. For Options L or N (BSPP threads) install a proper sized gasket (not furnished by Carter) in the proper position. Use the wrench flats on the Female Half housing on the female half to tighten the unit to the hose.

D. If the Carriage Assy (1-W) is utilized it is reinstalled in accordance with Figure 10 using the existing hardware Nuts (3-2) and Washers (3-3). No installation kits are required.

Nuts (3-3) should be torqued to 90 ± 10 in.-lbs. (104 ± 12 kg.-cm.).

12.0 TESTING

12.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

The following test equipment is required:

- Inlet test adapter conforming to API Bulletin 1584 with pressure equalization valve such as Carter 60505D or 61526D.

- Outlet test adapter to mate pipe threads in outlet.
- 0-300 psig fuel or test solvent pressure source.
- 0-125 psig air pressure source.
- Shutoff valves, regulators, pressure gauges, and other miscellaneous test equipment.

12.2 TEST CONDITIONS

Test media shall be JP-4, Jet A or odorless kerosene, commercial solvent 140.

12.3 FUNCTIONAL TEST

A. With the Collar (2-27) retracted (Unit not attached to an adapter and closed), verify that the opening Handle (1-B or 2-1) cannot be rotated to the open position.

B. Depress and release the Detent Pin (2-26) several times to verify that the pin promptly extends and locks the Collar (2-27) each time it is released. Rotate the Detent Pin (2-26) in 90° increments and repeat this operation at each position to verify that there is no position at which the Detent Pin (2-26) hangs retracted.

C. Place the Coupler squarely over an unpressurized, vented Carter 60505D or 61526D Adapter so the face of the adapter depresses the Detent Pin (2-26). The Collar (2-27) should drop freely in a positive manner into the engaged position with no hesitation, sticking or binding. With the Collar (2-27) extended, it should be impossible to separate the Unit from the test adapter. Retract the Collar (2-27), depressing the Collar Lock Assembly (1-31) at the same time, and lift the Unit off of the adapter. The Detent Pin (2-26) should extend and prevent extension of the Collar (2-27).

D. Repeat C several times. Then, engage the Unit to the adapter and open and close the Poppet (2-15) by rotating the operating Handle (2-1 or 1-B), while verifying that it is not possible to retract the Collar (2-27) with the Handle (2-1 or 1-B) in any position but the fully closed position. The Collar Stop Assembly (1-31) should automatically engage the Collar (2-27) each time the Collar (2-27) becomes extended preventing the retraction of the Collar (2-27) until it is manually depressed.

E. Repeat D several times. Then, retract the Collar (2-27) and separate the Unit from the adapter. Verify that the Detent Pin (2-26) has extended and locked the Collar (2-27) in the retracted position. Verify that the Poppet (2-15) can not be opened with the Collar (2-27) retracted.

12.4 PROOF AND LEAKAGE TEST - DETACHED

A. With the Unit not attached to an adapter, apply 5 psig fluid pressure to the outlet of the Unit and 60 psig fuel pressure to the fuel control hose connection and maintain for one minute. Observe the Unit for external and or seal leakage. Then relieve the applied pressures.

B. There shall be no indication of external leakage through any joints or through the nose seal during the test.

12.5 PROOF AND LEAKAGE TEST - ENGAGED

A. Connect the **outlet, inlet and fuel sense port** to an available fluid pressure source of 0-300 psig. Means to allow bleeding of the outlet should be provided (include a tee in the outlet with a bleed valve or similar means). The test adapter shall have a manually controlled shutoff valve attached to its inlet. Connect a 0-125 psig fuel pressure source to the Unit's fuel control port connection.

NOTE:

On older units, SN 344 and prior, it is important to apply pressure to the fuel sense port simultaneously with the inlet and outlets to prevent dislodging Seal (3-16) due to excessive differential across it. This does not apply to newer units (SN 344 and lower) with the positively retained seal.

B. Open the Unit's Poppet (2-15) using Handle (2-1 or 1-B).

C. Apply 60 psig fuel pressure to the fuel control port connection.

D. Fill the test Unit and adapter with liquid while bleeding all air through the valve at the adapter inlet and the unit outlet. (Rotate the test setup so the adapter and its valve are at the high point while bleeding air.) The pressure sense port must also be filled with test fluid and bled of all trapped air by opening the bleed screw on the top of the elbow. Once bleeding has been completed retighten the screw.

E. Simultaneously increase the test fluid pressure to 300-psig to the sense port, inlet and outlet and maintain for one minute while inspecting the Unit for indications of external leakage.

F. Reduce the test pressure to 5 psig and repeat step E.

G. There shall be no indication of external leakage, permanent deformation or set during or after the above test.

H. Reduce the test pressures to 0 psi. Close the Poppet (2-15) and disengage the Unit from the test adapter.

12.6 INTERNAL LEAKAGE AND FUNCTIONAL TEST

A. Connect the test fluid pressure source to the test adapter inlet. Connect the test Unit to the adapter and open the Poppet (2-15). Remove the Unit's outlet test adapter and place the Unit such that its outlet is in an upward position. Connect the 0-125 psig air source to the Unit's fuel control port connection through a three-way valve.

B. Squeeze and release the fuel pressure valve several times, applying and venting 60 psig pressure, while observing the movement of the Outer Piston (3-11). The Outer Piston (3-11) shall fully open with each application of pressure and fully close each time the pressure is vented.

C. With the pressure applied, fill the test Unit with test fluid to a level above the Outer Piston Seal (3-7) and release the pressure to close the Outer Piston (3-11). Drain the liquid from the Unit's outlet and increase the internal liquid pressure to 5 psig. Rotate the Unit such that any leakage from the unit can be collected in a beaker or other suitable measuring device and measure liquid leakage at the outlet for one minute. On a factory new Unit the leakage allowable from the Unit is 10 cc/min. An overhauled unit may have a leakage rate of up to 30 cc/min.

12.7 RELIEF VALVE FUNCTION

A. Using the same setup as above, fuel pressure relieved, test Unit filled and bled, place a shop rag or equivalent over the outlet to restrain relief valve flow.

CAUTION:

Wear safety glasses or other eye protection during any test to prevent possible eye injury from test liquid exposure.

B. Apply 150-psig liquid pressure through the inlet test adapter. Then close the coupler poppet and apply a steady force in the closed direction while verifying that the coupler poppet shaft has opened the relief valve venting trapped liquid downstream of the Unit's piston seat (through the hole in the seal retainer) to allow coupler poppet closure.

C. Then disengage from the test adopter, open the Unit by activating deadman and drain all test liquid through the outlet.

12.8 FLOW TESTING

Flow testing can only be accomplished in conjunction with a Digital Pressure Control System, 64035 or 64235. Refer to the appropriate Set Up manual for testing methods.

12.9 POST TEST PROCEDURE

After removing unit from test system place on an adapter housing and open poppet to drain fuel.

13.0 STORAGE

If it is necessary to store the unit for any length of time, install the dust cap, if present, otherwise cover the inlet and outlet

with a moisture barrier paper or film to protect it from the effects of dust and high humidity.

14.0 ILLUSTRATED PARTS CATALOG

Tables 1.0 through 6.0 tabulate the parts and sub-assemblies comprising the 64802 Model Hydrant Pressure Control Coupler including all available options.

The item numbers of the table are keyed to the exploded views or drawings shown in Figures 1 through 8.

TABLE 1.0
64802 Coupler and Options

Fig.	Item	Part Number	Description	Units/ Assy	Coupler Option	Spares/10 Units/Yr
1	1	47174	Pressure Control Elbow Assy	1	All	-
	2	44660	Dust Cap	1	All	-
	3-4	Left intentionally blank				
	5	61525	Lower Half Coupler Assy	1	All	-
	Option B	41731	Folding Handle Assy	1	B	-
	6	29178	Pin	1	B	-
	7	GF9245-68	Cotter Pin	1	B	4
	8	29179	Spring	1	B	10
	9	GF51957-42	Screw	1	B	2
	10	29177	Handle Cam	1	B	1
	11	207355	Handle	1	B	-
	Option C	GF4-7A	Product Selection	5	C	-
	Option D	GF20995C32	Lockwire – Fasteners	AR	D	Roll
	Option F	None	Adds 3/8" Dry Break QD to fuel control port. – See components below	F		-
		MS29512-04	Gasket	1	F	10
		2404-4-4	Fitting	1	F	-
		LL2K16	Dry Break QD	1	F	-
		PPDC2HK	Dust Cap	1	F	-
		MS29512-04	Gasket	1	F	10
		2404-4-4	Fitting	1	F	-
		LL2K16	Dry Break QD	1	F	-
		PPDC2HK	Dust Cap	1	F	-
	Option W w/Option 2	60532	Carriage Assy	1	W	-
	Option W w/Options 3 & 4	60532C	Carriage Assy	1	W	-
	Option X	220822	Clip, Safety	1	X	-
	Option Z	47214	Handle, Optional Second Carrying	1	Z	-
	27	220993	Handle	1	Z	1
	28	GF16998-43	Screw	2	Z	-
	29	5702-517-30	Washer	2	Z	-
1, 12	Option Y	47182	Handle, Outlet Swivel Joint	1	Y	-

Fig.	Item	Part Number	Description	Units/ Assy	Coupler Option	Spares/10 Units/Yr
12	1	220972-1	Plate, Left	1	Y	-
	2	220972-2	Plate, Right	1	Y	-
	3	220970	Bar	1	Y	-
	4	220971	Grip	2	Y	4
	5	GF960-516L	Washer	2	Y	-
	6	GF35207-296	Screw	2	Y	-
1, 13	30	47186	Handle, Standard Transverse Carrying	1	All	-
13	1	220969	Plate	2	All	-
	2	GF960-516L	Washer	6	All	-
	3	GF18153-31	Screw	4	All	-
	4	GF35207-296	Screw	2	All	-
	5	220970	Bar	1	All	-
	6	220971	Grip	2	All	4
1	31	44140	Collar Stop Assy (Table 7)	1	All	-
1, 4	Option 2	47198	Male Adapter Assembly – mates standard swivel disconnect (Table 4)	1	2	-
1, 4	Option 2H	47152-4	Female QD Assembly, 2-½" NPT (Table 4)	1	2H	-
1	Option 2K	47152-3	Female QD Assembly, 2-½" BSPP (Table 4)	1	2K	-
	Option 2L	47152-2	Female QD Assembly, 3" NPT (Table 4)	1	2L	-
1	Option 2M	47152-1	Female QD Assembly, 3" BSPP (Table 4)	1	2M	-
	Option 2N	47292-1	Female QD Assembly, 4" BSPP (Table 4)	1	2N	-
	Option 2P	47292-2	Female QD Assembly, 3" NPT (Table 4)	1	2P	-
	Option 2Q	47152-5	Female QD Assembly, 2" NPT (Table 4)	1	2Q	-
	Option 2S	47152-6	Female QD Assembly, 2" BSPP (Table 4)	1	2S	-
1, 5	Option 3	47274	Male Adapter Assembly to mate 60700-1 type QD (Table 5)	1	3	-
1, 6	Option 4	47275	Male Adapter Assembly to mate 60600/ 60600-1 (except option K) type QD (Table 6)	1	4	-
-		KD64800-1	Kit - Contains all soft goods (seals) and other necessary parts to overhaul a complete 64802 Coupler with option "2" QD. Contains items – 1-19, 2-10, 2-11, 2-13, 2-15D, 2-17, 2-18, 2-21, 2-22, 2-23, 2-24, 2-25, 2-28, 2-31, 2-33, 3-5, 3-7, 3-8, 3-13, 3-15, 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-23, 3-26, 3-29, 3-30, 3-31, 3-36, 3-52, 3-53, 4-11, 4-12, 4-15 & 4-22.			
-		KD64800-2	Kit – Contains all soft goods (seals) and other necessary parts to overhaul a 64802 Coupler with option "3" QD. Contains items - 1-19, 2-10, 2-11, 2-13, 2-15D, 2-17, 2-18, 2-21, 2-22, 2-23, 2-24, 2-25, 2-28, 2-31, 2-33, 3-5, 3-7, 3-8, 3-13, 3-15, 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-23, 3-26, 3-29, 3-30, 3-31, 3-36, 3-52, 3-53, 5-5 & 5-7.			
-		KD64800-3	Kit – Contains all soft goods (seals) and other necessary parts to overhaul a 64802 Coupler with option "4" QD. Contains items - 1-19, 2-10, 2-11, 2-13, 2-15D, 2-17, 2-18, 2-21, 2-22, 2-23, 2-24, 2-25, 2-28, 2-31, 2-33, 3-5, 3-7, 3-8, 3-13, 3-15, 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-23, 3-26, 3-29, 3-30, 3-31, 3-36, 3-52, 3-53, 6-5 & 220552.			
-		KD64800-4	Kit – Contains all soft goods (seals) and other necessary parts to overhaul the 47173 Pressure Control Elbow for the 64802 Coupler that includes option "2". Contains items - 1-19, 3-5, 3-7, 3-8, 3-13, 3-15, 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-23, 3-26, 3-29, 3-30, 3-31, 3-36, 3-52, 3-53, 4-11, 4-12, 4-15 & 4-22.			
-		KD64800-5	Kit – Contains all soft goods (seals) and other necessary parts to overhaul the 47173 Pressure Control Elbow for the 64802 Coupler that includes option "3". Contains items - 3-5, 3-7, 3-8, 3-13, 3-15, 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-23, 3-26, 3-29, 3-30, 3-31, 3-36, 3-52, 3-53, 5-5 & 5-7.			
-		KD64800-6	Kit – Contains all soft goods (seals) and other necessary parts to overhaul the 47173 Pressure Control Elbow for the 64802 Coupler that includes option "4". Contains items - 3-5, 3-7, 3-8, 3-13, 3-15, 3-16, 3-17, 3-18, 3-23, 3-26, 3-29, 3-30, 3-31, 3-36, 3-52, 3-53, 6-5 & Seal 220552.			
-		KD64800-7	Kit – Contains all soft goods (seals) and other necessary parts to overhaul the 61525 Lower Half Coupler Assembly for the 64802 Coupler. Contains items - 2-10, 2-13, 2-15, 2-15D, 2-17, 2-18, 2-22, 2-23, 2-24, 2-25, 2-28, 2-31, & 2-33.			
-		KD64800-11	Kit to upgrade Piston Seal (3-16) retention. Contains items – 3-9A.			

TABLE 2.0
Lower Coupler Half

Fig.	Item	Part Number	Description	Units/ Assy	Coupler Option	Spares/10 Units/Yr
2	1	207494	Handle	1	All but B	2
	5-36	47245	Coupler, Lower Half without handle	1	All	-
	2-4	Left intentionally blank				
	5	43945	Body	1	All	-
	6	GF4-4A	Bolt	1	All	-
	7	GF35338-44	Lockwasher	1	All	-
	8	28781	Washer	1	All	-
	9	201286	Key	1	All	-
	10	MS29513-249	O-ring	1	All	10
	11	202010	Cotter Pin	1	All	10
	12	NAS1169C10	Washer	1	All	-
	13	28765	Bearing	1	All	5
	14	210004	Pin	1	All	1
	15	47064-3	Poppet Assembly	1	All	1
	15B	LP57G82P8	Screw	4	All	1
	15C	220276	Poppet	1	All	1
	15D	MS29513-037	O-ring	1	All	10
	15E	220275	Shaft	1	All	1
	16	209601	Link	1	All	1
	17	28755	Seal, Nose	1	All	10
	18	209837-347	Quad Ring	1	All	10
	19	210587	Wave Washer	1	All	-
	20	209996	Crank Shaft	1	All	-
	21	200103	Washer	1	All	2
	22	203563	Bearing	1	All	10
	23	29221	Bearing	1	All	10
	24	29216	Bearing	2	All	20
	25	MS29513-212	O-ring	1	All	10
	26	200689	Detent Pin	1	All	-
	27	207482	Collar	1	All	1
	28	28928	Bumper	1	All	5
	29	RR-800-S	Retaining Ring	1	All	-
	30	GF19060-4815	Ball	1	All	-
	31	28763	Spring	1	All	-
	32	28760	Lug Ring	4	All	4
	33	200688	Lug(3 rd edition)	16	All but A	16
	33A	200688	Lug (2 nd edition)	16	A	16
	34	GF3-3A	Bolt	1	All	-
	35	GF960C10L	Washer	1	All	-
	36	GF35333-39	Lockwasher	1	All	-

TABLE 3.0
Pressure Control Elbow Assy

Fig.	Item	Part Number	Description	Units/ Assy	Coupler Option	Spares/10 Units/Yr
1	1	47174	Pressure Control Elbow Assy	1	All	1
3	1	GF565AC524H32	Screw	6	All	-
	2	GF35338-45	Washer	6	All	-
	3	GF9882-11	Nut	6	All	-
	4	220961	Housing, Seal	1	All	-
	5	MS29513-042	O-ring	1	All	10
	6	GF16997-18	Screw	6	All	-
	7	220665	Seal, Outer Piston	1	All	10
	8	M25988/1-151	O-ring	1	All	10
	9A	47348	Piston Assembly	1	Note 5	-
	9	50FK-624	Nut*	2	Note 5	-
	10	GF960C616L	Washer*	2	Note 5	-
	11	220666	Piston, Outer*	1	Note 5	3
	14	221641	Retainer, Piston Seal	1	Note 5	-
	15	203565	O-ring	1	Note 5	10
	16	221595	Seal	1	Note 5	10
	19	221594	Guide, Spring	1	Note 5	-
	19B	NAS1351C04-4	Screw	6	Note 5	-
	20	200757	Spring	1	Note 5	-
	21	202290	Shaft	1	Note 5	-
	22	202291	Washer	1	Note 5	-
	23	MS29513-012	O-ring	1	Note 5	10
	24	200759	Piston, Small	1	Note 5	3
	12	220685-1250	Screw	4	All	-
	13	MS29513-008	O-ring	4	All	40
	17	MS29513-038	O-ring	1	All	10
	18	201201-231	O-ring	1	All	10
	14A	220963	Retainer, Piston Seal	1	Note 5	-
	16A	200770	Seal	1	Note 5	10
	19A	200879	Guide, Spring	1	Note 5	-
	25	220962	Tube, Connector	1	All	-
	26	MS29513-006	O-ring	2	All	20
	27	GF16997-32L	Screw	4	All	-
	28	220667	Housing, Seal	1	All	-
	29	MS29513-134	O-ring	2	All	20
	30	MS29513-129	O-ring	2	All	20
	31	200758	Seal	2	All	20
	32	47197	Housing Assembly	1	All	-
	33-34	Left intentionally blank		1	All	-
	35	GF51840-23	Plug	1	All	-
	36	MS29512-04	Gasket	1	All	10
	37	40427	Breather Plug Assy	1	All	-
	38-45	Left intentionally blank				
	46	29436	Spring	1	All	-
	47	200761	Nut	1	All	-
	48	200752	Screw, Press. Relief Adjustment	1	All	-
	49	GF21083C04	Nut	1	All	-
	50	NAS620C4	Washer	1	All	-
	51	29555	Retainer, Seal	1	All	-
	52	M83248/2-008	O-ring	1	All	10
	53	MS29513-011	O-ring	1	All	10
	54	44229	Shaft Assy, Pressure Relief	1	All	-
	55	207518	Shaft	1	All	-

Fig.	Item	Part Number	Description	Units/ Assy	Coupler Option	Spares/10 Units/Yr
3	56	5710-83-32	Washer	1	All	-
	57	207519	Spring	1	All	-
	58	207520	Slide	1	All	-
	59	GF16562-194	Pin	1	All	-

TABLE 4.0
Option "2" Quick Disconnect Assy.

Fig.	Item	Part Number	Description	Units/ Assy	Coupler Option	Spares/10 Units/Yr
4	1	47152-4	Female Half, QD, 2 1/2" NPT	1	2H	-
		220876-4	Body, Coupling, 2 1/2" NPT	1	2H	-
		47152-3	Female Half, QD, 2 1/2" BSPP	1	2K	-
		220876-3	Body, Coupling, 2 1/2" BSPP	1	2K	-
		47152-2	Female Half, QD, 3" NPT	1	2L	-
		220876-2	Body, Coupling, 3" NPT	1	2L	-
		47152-1	Female Half, QD, 3" BSPP	1	2M	-
		220876-3	Body, Coupling, 3" BSPP	1	2M	-
		47152-5	Female Half, QD, 2" NPT (Note 5)	1	2Q	-
		220876-5	Body, Coupling, 2" NPT	1	2Q	-
		47152-6	Female Half, QD, 2" BSPP	1	2S	-
		220876-6	Body, Coupling, 2" BSPP	1	2S	-
		47292-1	Female Half, QD, 4" BSPP	1	2N	-
		47292-2	Female Half, QD, 4" NPT	1	2P	-
	2	200924	Ring, Retaining	1	All "2"	-
	3	220874	Retainer, Spring	1	All "2"	-
	4	220873	Spring	1	All "2"	-
	5	GF19060-4818	Ball	16	All "2"	-
	6	No part number	Sleeve Assy	1	All "2"	-
	7	210151-3	Pin	2	All "2"	-
	8	209885	Lever	2	All "2"	-
	9	209946	Spring	2	All "2"	-
	10	220871	Sleeve	1	All "2"	-
	11	220872	Wear Ring	2	All "2"	20
	12	MS29513-341	O-ring	1	All "2"	10
	13	NAS1352N3-8	Screw	12	2N, P	-
	14	221163-2	Fitting	1	2N	-
	15	MS29513-045	O-ring	1	2N,P	10
	16	47291	Body, Coupling	1	2N, P	-
	17	47198	Adapter Assembly, Male Half	1	All "2"	-
	18	220890	Adapter, Male Half	1	All "2"	-
	19	200923	Wire Race	2	All "2"	-
	20	GF24673-12	Screw	8	All "2"	-
	21	5710-63-30	Washer	8	All "2"	-
	22	MS29513-041	O-ring	1	All "2"	10

TABLE 5.0
Option "3" Male Half & Options L-P Mating Female Quick Disconnect Assemblies

Fig.	Item	Part Number	Description	Units/ Assy	Coupler Option	Spares/10 Units/Yr
1	Options L-P	41730-1 to -4	Female Half (Note 4)	1	L, M, N, P	-
5A	1	26961	Lock Ring	1	All	-
	2	GF35276-261	Screw	2	All	-
	3	GF20995C32	Lockwire	AR	AR	-
	4	28383	Retainer	1	All	-
	5	29173	Housing	1	P	-
		29174	Housing	1	N	-
		27374	Housing	1	L	-
		27377	Housing	1	M	-
	6	28779	Sleeve	1	All	-
	7	26962	Retaining Ring	1	All	-
	8	GF19060-4818	Ball	24	All	-
5	Option 3	47274	Adapter Assembly, MaleQD.....	1	3	-
	1	221141	Adapter	1	3	-
	2	28382	Wire Race	2	3	-
	3	GF9882-10	Nut	8	3	-
	4	GF35338-44	Washer	8	3	-
	5	MS29513-041	O-ring	1	3	10
	6	GF565AC428H20	Set Screw	8	3	-
	7	201201-348	O-ring	1	3	10

TABLE 6.0
Option "4" Male Half & Options L-R Mating Female Quick Disconnect Assemblies

Fig.	Item	Part Number	Description	Units/ Assy	Coupler Option	Spares/10 Units/Yr
1	Options L-P	44220-1 to -4	Female Half	1	Options L, M, N, P & R	-
6	1	26961	Lock Ring	1	All	-
	2	GF35276-261	Screw	2	All	-
	3	GF20995C32	Lockwire	AR	AR	-
	4	28383	Retainer	1	All	-
	5	207253-1	Housing, 3" NPT	1	L	-
		207253-2	Housing, 3" BSPP	1	M	-
		207253-3	Housing, 4" NPT	1	P	-
		207253-4	Housing, 4" BSPP	1	N	-
	6	26960	Sleeve	1	All	-
	7	26962	Retaining Ring	1	All	-
	8	GF19060-4818	Ball	24	All	-
	9	220552	Seal	1	All	10
6A	Option 4	47275	Adapter Assembly, Male QD	1	4	-
	1	221143	Adapter	1	4	-
	2	207483	Wire Race	2	4	-
	3	GF9882-10	Nut	8	4	-
	4	5710-63-30	Washer	8	4	-
	5	MS29513-041	O-ring	1	4	10
	6	GF565AC428H20	Set Screw	8	4	-

TABLE 7.0
Collar Stop Assy

Fig.	Item	Part Number	Description	Units/ Assy	Coupler Option	Spares/10 Units/Yr
1	31	44140	Collar Stop Assy	1	All	-
7	1	207165	Stop	1	All	-
	2	207166	Bracket	1	All	-
	3	207167	Spring	1	All	1
	4	GF20392-2C63	Pin	1	All	-
	5	GF24665-151	Cotter Pin	1	G	2

TABLE 8.0
60532 Carriage Assy, Option W

Fig.	Item	Part Number	Description	Units/ Assy	Coupler Option	Spares/10 Units/Yr
1	W	60532	Carriage Assy	1	W	-
8	1	GF51971-4	Nut	2	W	-
	2	GF35338-47	Washer	2	W	-
	3	203577	Caster	2	W	-
	4	GF35206-296	Screw	2	W	-
	5	GF35333-41	Washer	2	W	-
	6	GF960-816L	Washer	6	W	-
	7	29745	Shaft	1	W	-
	8	29663	Spring, Torsion	1	W	-
	9	29664	Flange	1	W/option 2	-
		47078	Flange Assy with Spacers	1	W/options 3 & 4	-
8	10	201041	Lever	1	W	-
	11	29665	Spring	1	W	-
	12	GF960-616L	Washer	3	W	-
	13	29662	Latch	1	W	2
	14	GF9245-44	Cotter	1	W	-
	15	GF20392-5C73	Pin, Clevis	1	W	-
	16	29667	Strut	1	W	-

TABLE 9
47182 Carrying Handle, Option "Y"

Fig.	Item	Part Number	Description	Units/ Assy	Coupler Option	Spares/10 Units/Yr
1	Y	47182	Carrying Handle Assy	1	Y	-
14	1	220972-1	Side Plate, Right	1	Y	-
	2	220972-2	Side Plate, Left	1	Y	-
	3	220970	Bar, Handle	1	Y	-
	4	220971	Grip	2	Y	2
	5	GF960-516L	Washer	2	Y	-
	6	GF35207-296	Screw	2	Y	-

Notes:

1. All part numbers beginning with "GF" are interchangeable with those beginning with either "AN" or "MS". If the "GF" is followed by three numbers it is interchangeable with an "AN" part, otherwise it is interchangeable with an "MS" part of the same number.
2. The recommended spare parts shown above are the number required to support 10 units for one year. In addition it is advisable to keep a spare Coupler Subassembly (1-5) complete with the Elbow Assy (1-E or F) to interchange with any unit in the field that may exhibit a problem. The recommended quantities are based on the ratio of spare parts sold for each unit during a one year period of time. The actual quantity required will vary from location to location.
3. The Female Quick Disconnect Half is not furnished as a part of a new coupler unless so ordered. It is part of an existing 60700-1, 60600 or 60600-1 Coupler that is being retrofitted to change to the 64802 Coupler. The information furnished here is for convenience keeping all information required for overhauling the coupler in one manual. The option letters furnished for the Female QD are referenced back to the basic coupler on which it was first sold.
4. Early Option 2Q units used a bushing in a standard 2H QD.
5. Early units, SN 344 or lower, had a Seal (3-16A) retained by a detent designed into the seal. An improved design was introduced in 2003 to make this seal retention more positive (especially where a defueling operation is used). The Seal (3-16) was changed to be retained by the Spring Guide (3-19) itself held in place by 4 Screws (3-19B). This created a new Piston Assembly (3-9A). The previous Seal (3-16A) may or may not be available as a spare part. Kit KD64800-8 is available to provide all of the new parts needed to upgrade the older units. Seal Guide (3-19) and Retainer (3-14) in their latest revisions can be used interchangeably with the older (3-19A) and (3-14A) respectively. It is not recommended to replace older Seal (3-16A) with the new version.

15.0 OBSOLETE PARTS INFORMATION

There is a long history of Eaton's Carter brand lower half coupler changes that, through the years has not been particularly explained. The reasons for these changes are now lost.

This section applies only to couplers that have been retrofitted from a 60700-1, 60600 or 60600-1. If the

lower half coupler has been retained then this section is applicable. For information on obsolete parts for the older lower half coupler see the manuals for the 60700-1, 60600, or 60600-1.

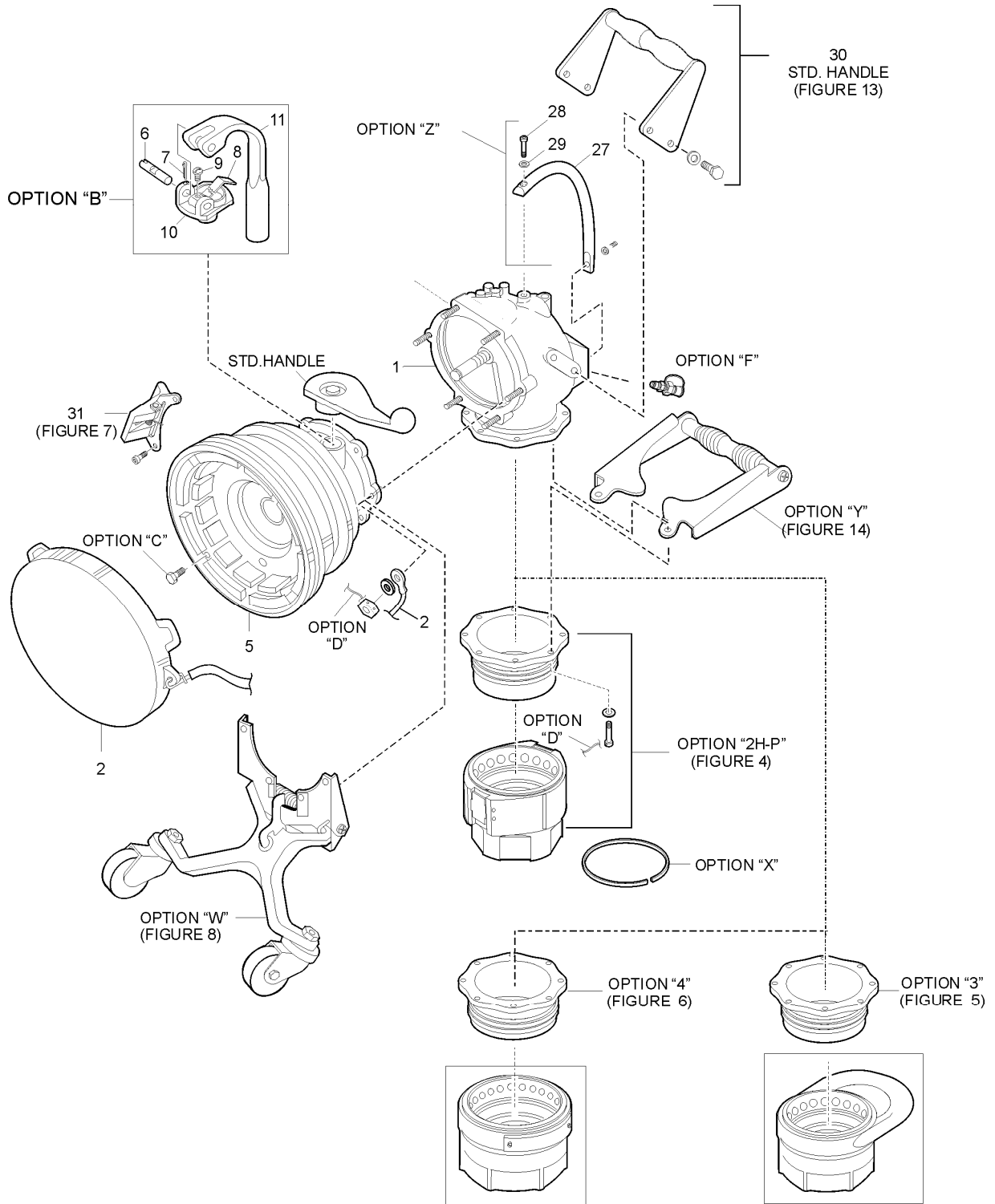


FIGURE 1
64802 HYDRANT COUPLER & OPTIONS

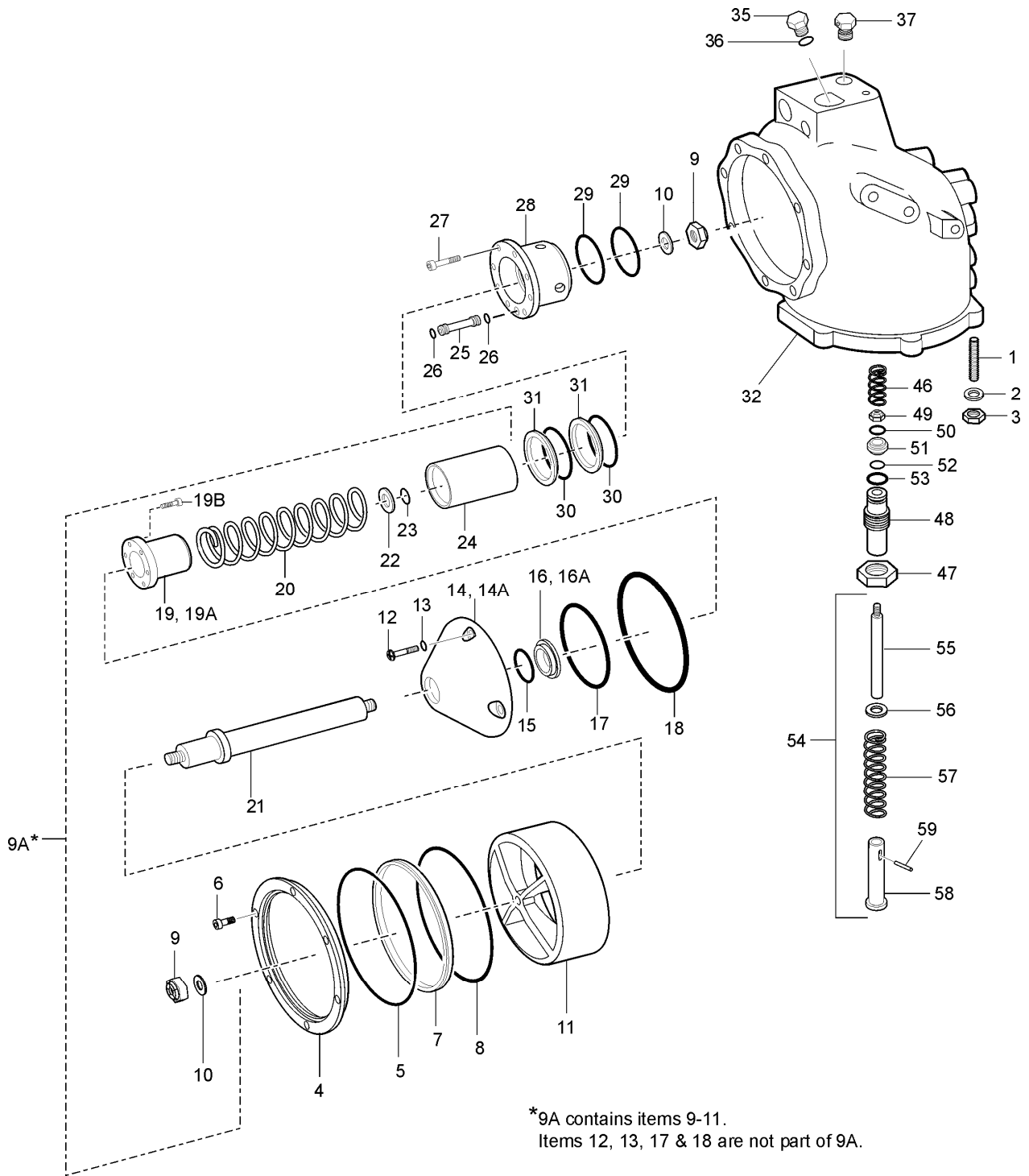


FIGURE 3
PRESSURE CONTROL ELBOW ASSY FOR 64802

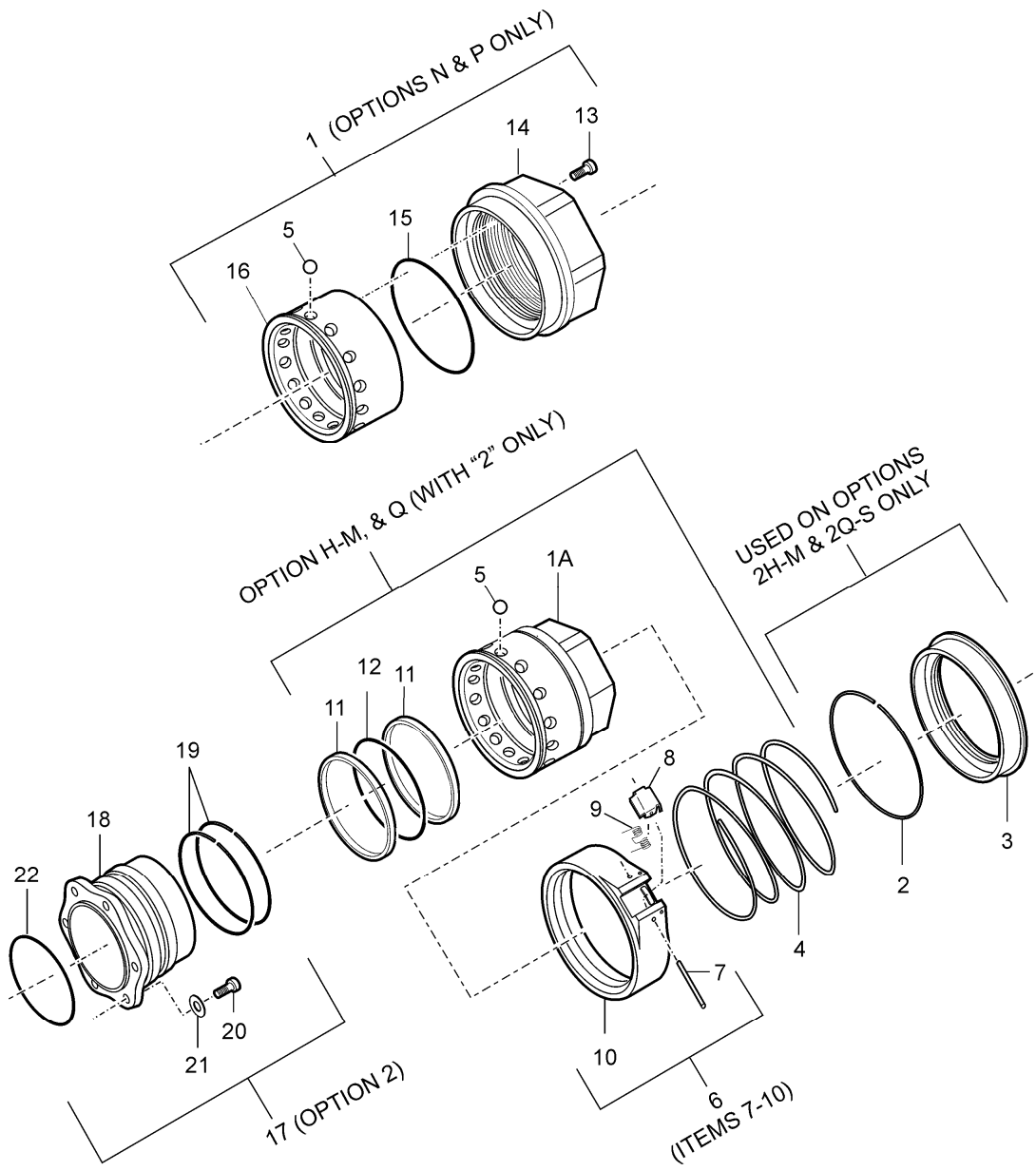


FIGURE 4
OPTION 2H-P QUICK DISCONNECT ASSEMBLIES

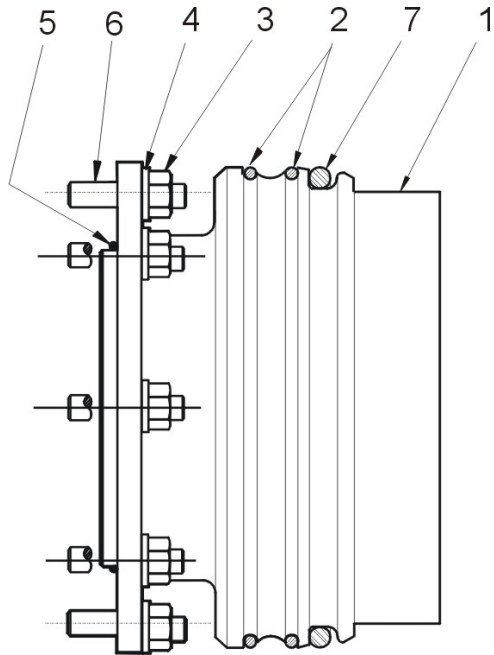


FIGURE 5
OPTION 3 QUICK DISCONNECT ASSEMBLIES

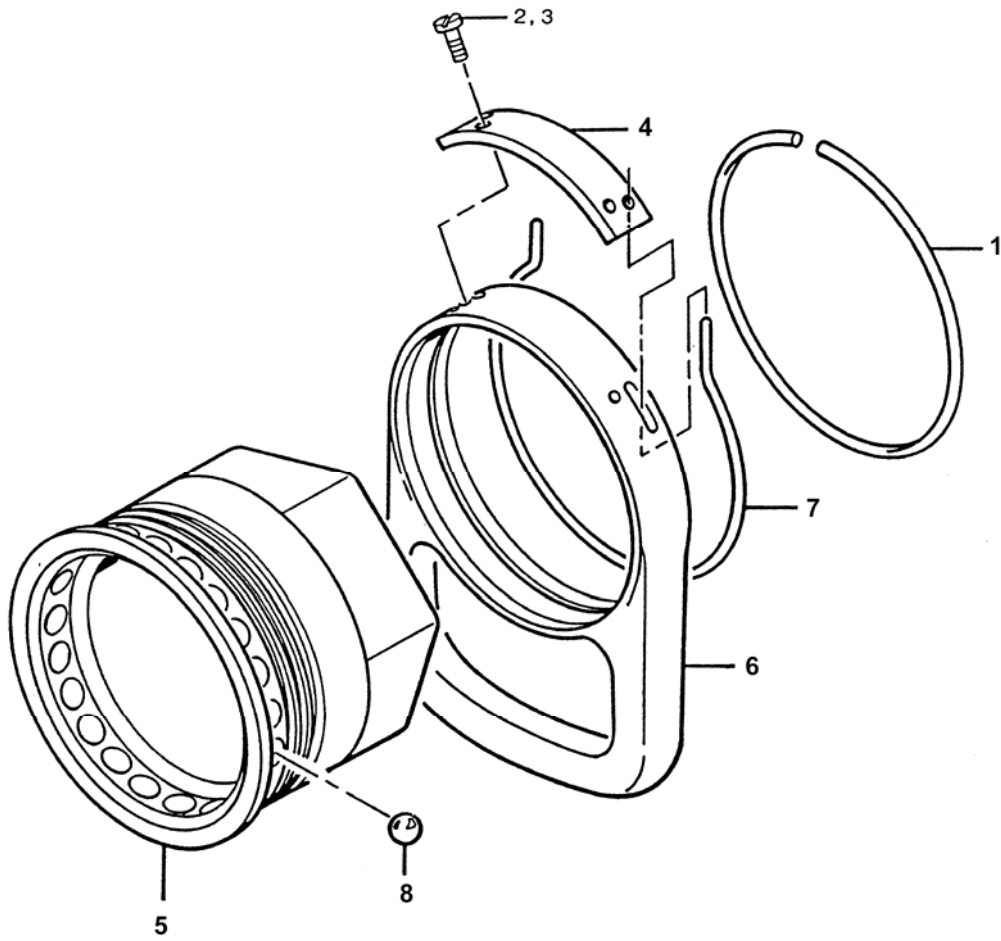


FIGURE 5A
OPTION 3 QUICK DISCONNECT ASSEMBLIES

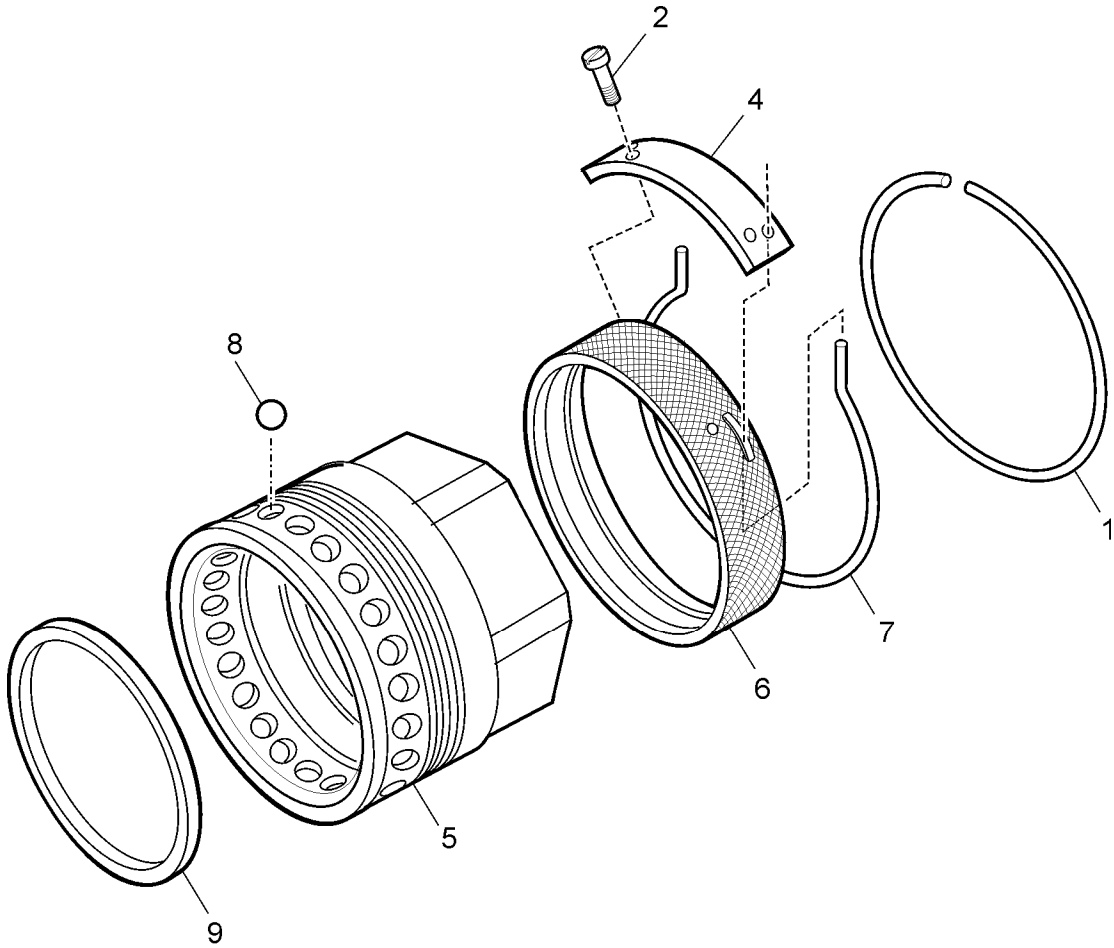


FIGURE 6
OPTION 4 QUICK DISCONNECT ASSEMBLIES

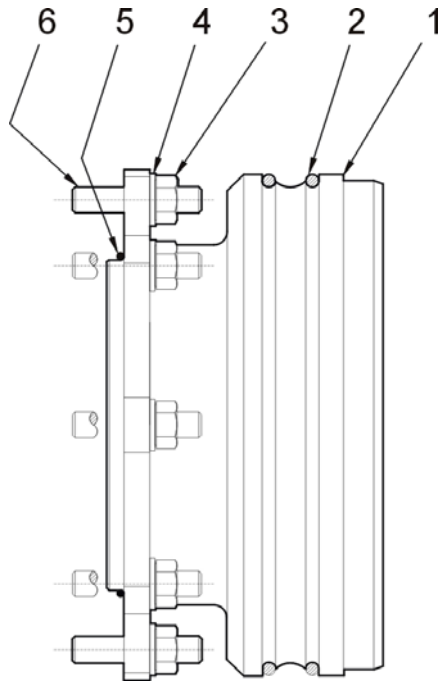


FIGURE 6A
OPTION 4 QUICK DISCONNECT ASSEMBLIES

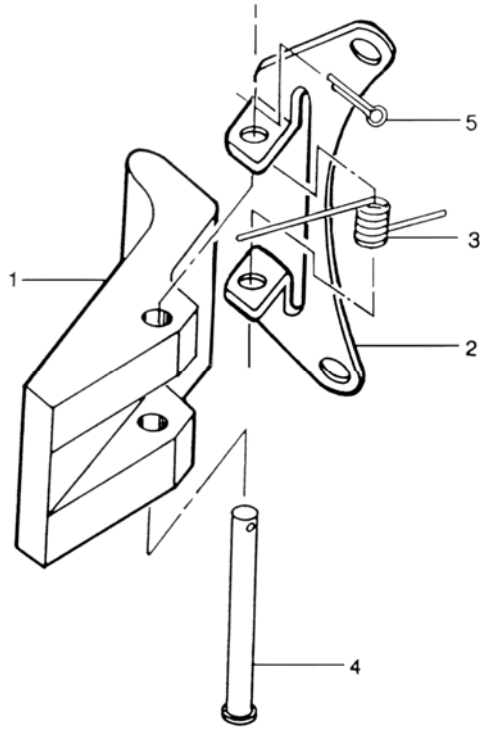


FIGURE 7
COLLAR STOP LOCK ASSEMBLY

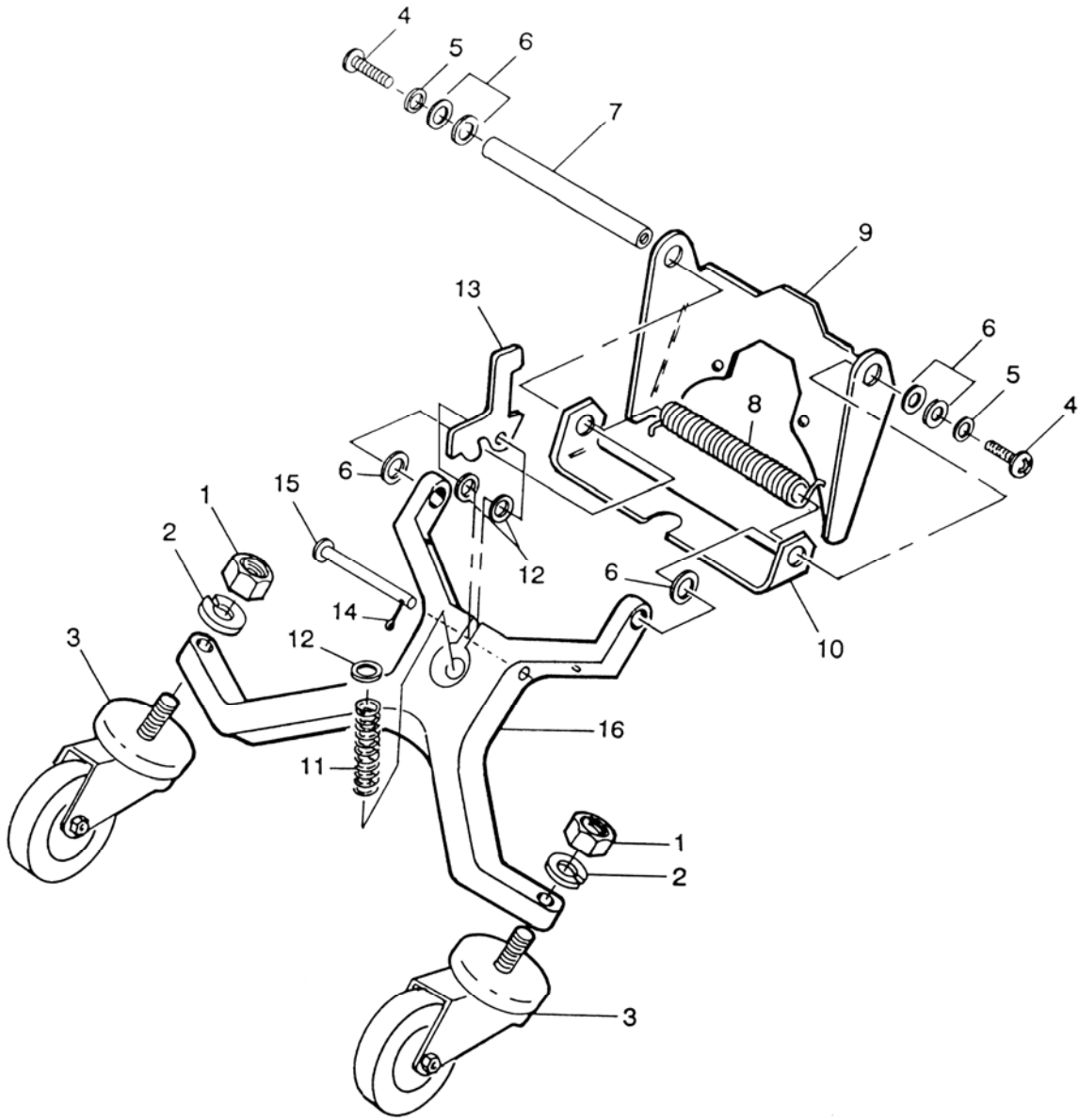
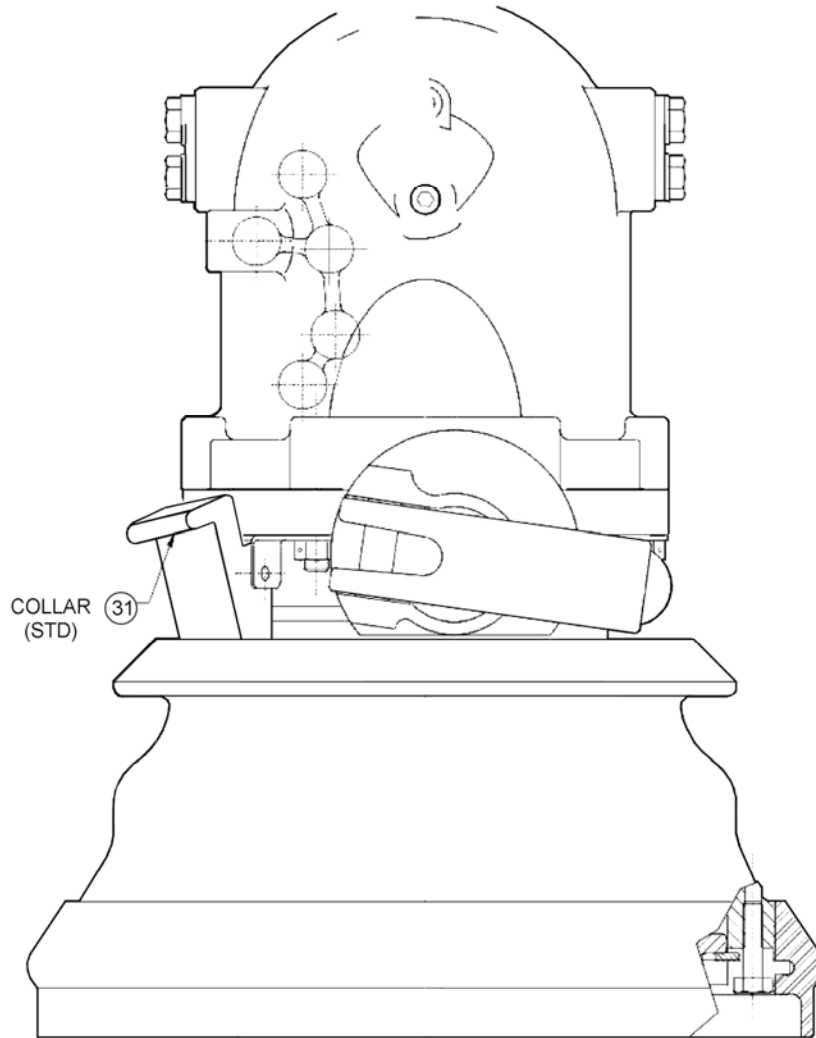
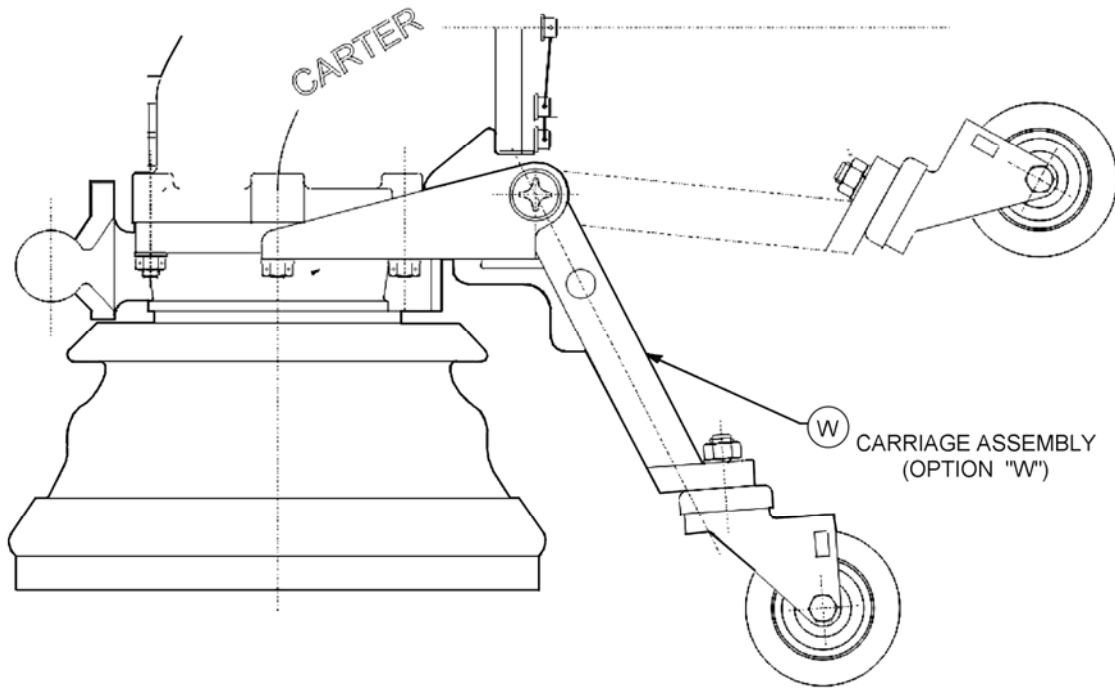


FIGURE 8
60532 CARRIAGE ASSEMBLY
OPTION W TO 64802



The Collar Lock Assembly is assembled to the coupler in location shown using two of the studs from the elbow assembly and the existing Nuts (3-3) and Washers (3-4).

FIGURE 9
OPTION G COLLAR LOCK ASSEMBLY
MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS



The carriage is assembled by removing four (4) of the Nuts (3-3) and Washers (3-4), placing the carriage in place and reinstalling the nuts and washers as noted in paragraph 9.7.

FIGURE 10
CARRIAGE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

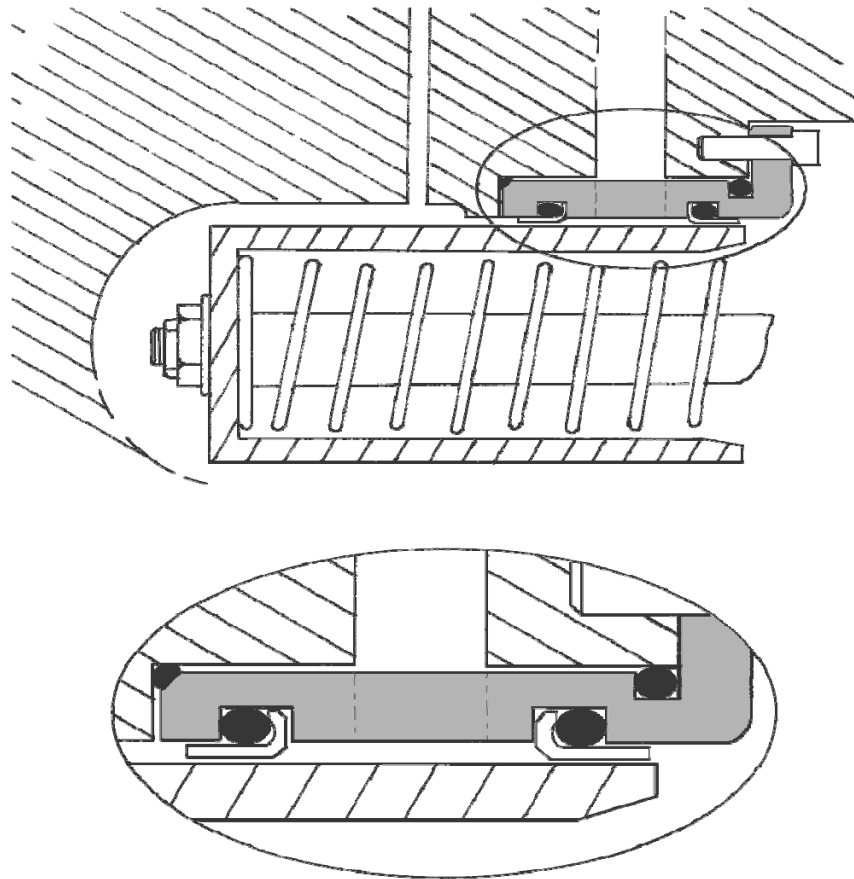
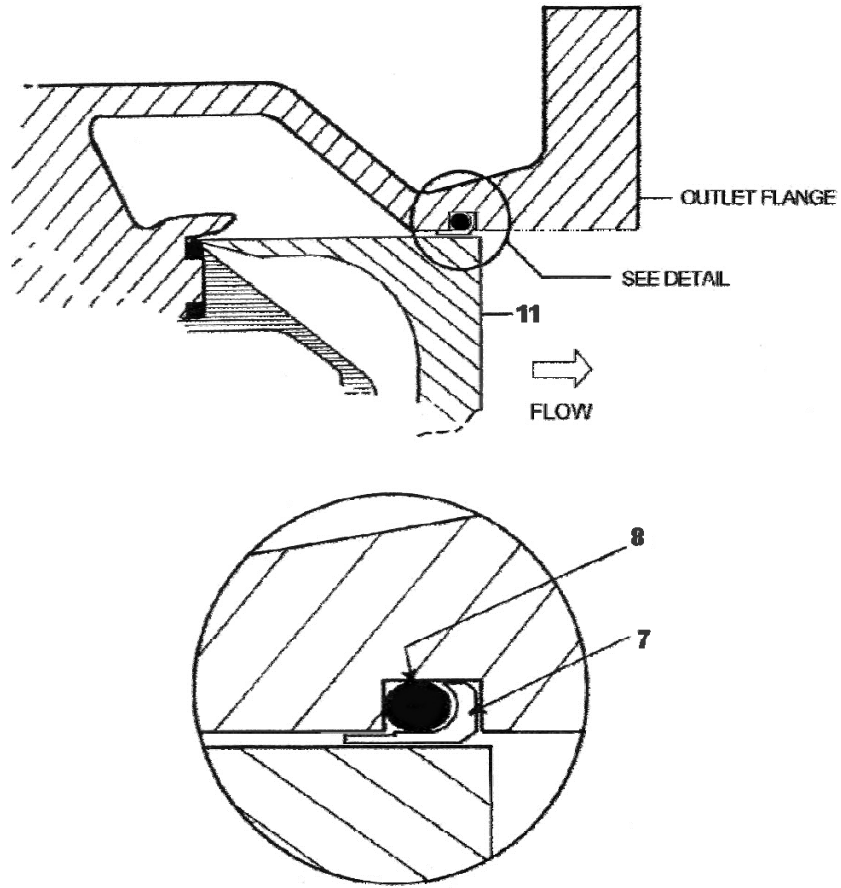


FIGURE 11
INNER PISTON SEAL INSTALLATION



The figure used above is intended for an in-line pressure control valve hence the presence of a flange. Ignore that part of the figure. This will be corrected on the next issue.

**FIGURE 12
OUTER PISTON SEAL INSTALLATION**

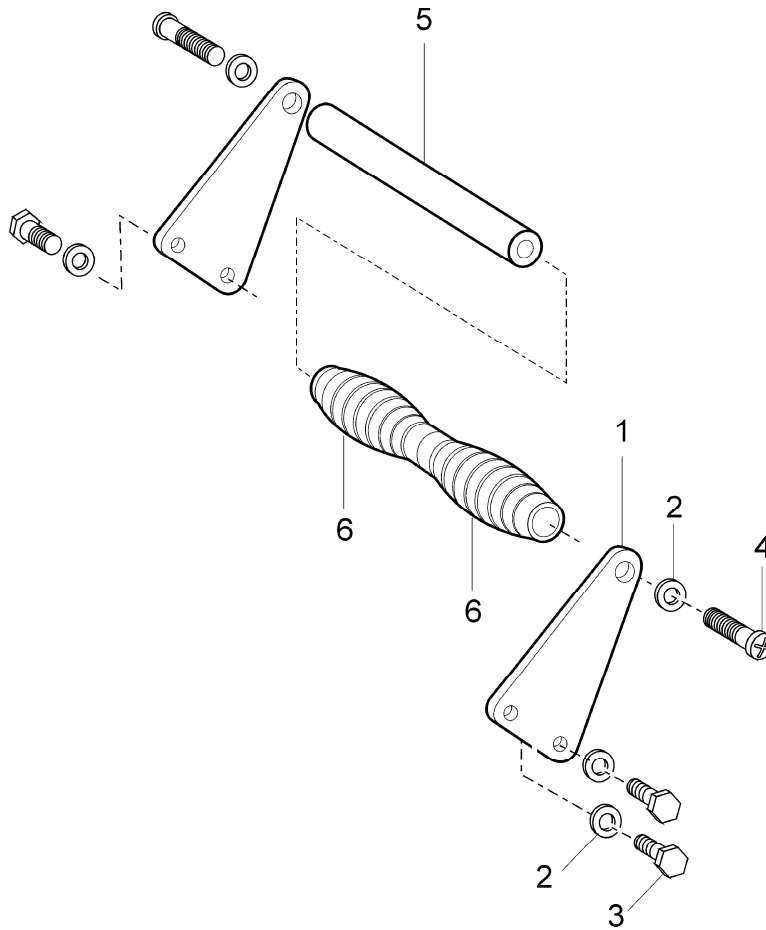


FIGURE 13
STANDARD TRANSVERSE CARRYING HANDLE

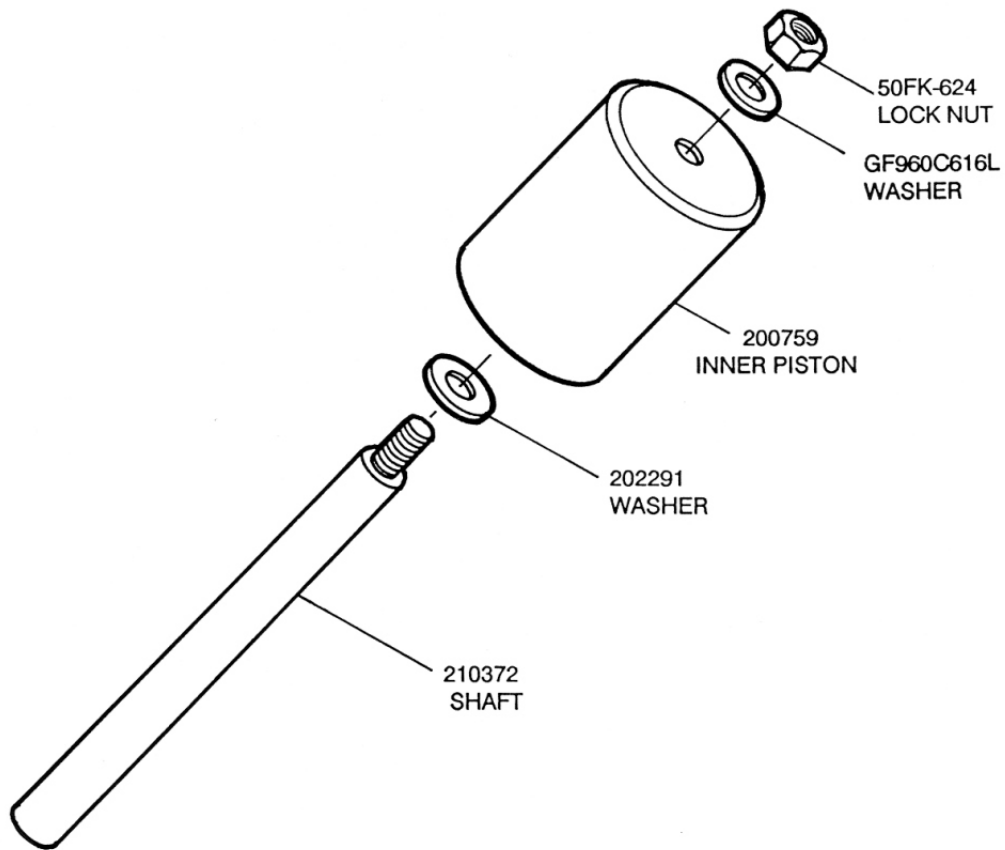


FIGURE 14
INNER SEAL POLISHING TOOL

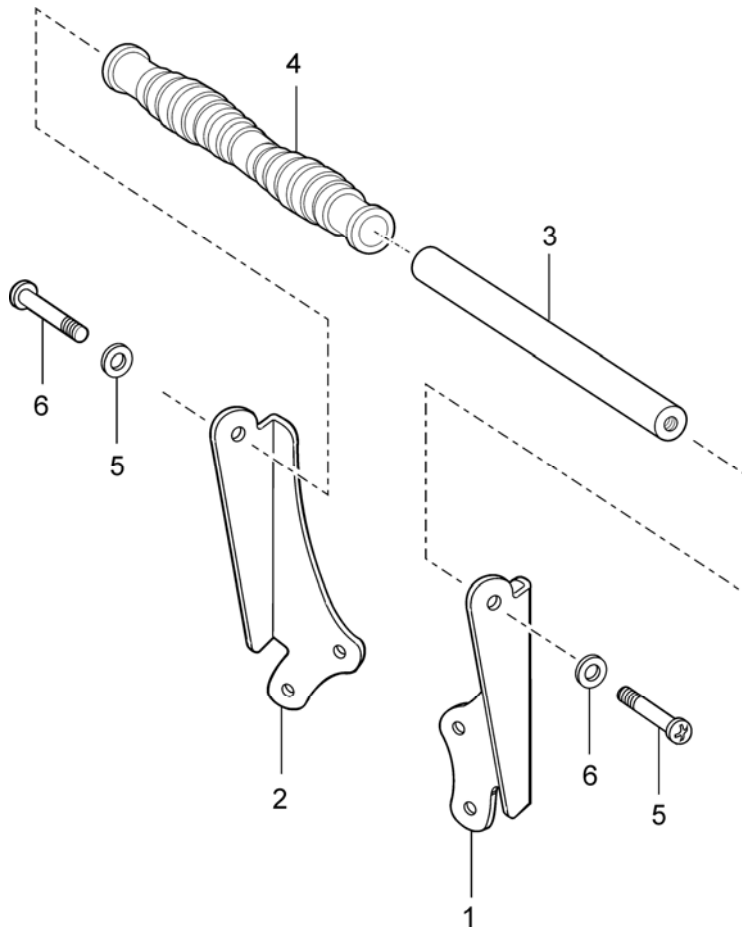


FIGURE 15
FIGURE 15 OPTION Y CARRYING HANDLE

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